# Spirit of Jefferson.

BENJAMIN F. BEALL, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION IN ADVANCE: 1 - For One Year, - - \$3.00 For Six Months, - 1.75 For Three Months, . . 1.00 Orders for the Paper must be accompanied

VOL.

May 12, 1868-1y.

Touls. September 1, 1868-tf.

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WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

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H AVING specially prepared for the business; and not being excluded from the United States

Courts; will prosecute, diligently, all applications for the benefit of the late Bankrupt law, committed

(F-He will regularly attend the Federal Court at Clarksburg, and elsewhere as the cases may re-

New Era, Martinsburg, and Winchester Times,

quire. Charlestown, July 16, 1867-tf.

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January 5, 1569 - 1y.

July 30, 1567-1y\*.

January 5, 1869 - 1y.

N. S. WHITE.]

THOS C. GREEN.]

November 6, 1867-tf.

July 30, 1867-17.

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GOLD MEDAL FOR 1867 Has just been awarded to CHARLES M. STIEFF, For the Best Pianos now made over Baltimor. Philadelphia and New York Pianos by the MARYLAND INSTITUTE.

OFFICE AND WAREROOM NO. 7 NORTH LIBERTY ST., near Baltimore street, BALTIMORE, MD. STIEFF'S PIANOS have all the latest improve-ments, including the AGRAFFE TREBLE, lvn: Fronts, and the Improved French Action, fully warranted for Fire Years, with the privilege of exchange within 12 months if not entirely satisfactory to purchaser.

Second hand Pianos and Parlor Organs always Second hand Pianos and Parlor Organ on hand, from \$50 to \$310. Referees who have our Pianos in use:—

Gen. R.E. Lee, Lexington, Virginia. Gen. Rott. Ranson, Wilmington, N.C. John Burns, Dr. L. C. Cordell, Warren Eby. John B. Packett, Charlestown, Thos M. Isbell of Jefferson county, L. B. Burns, of Clarke county, Mrs. Schwartswelder, Mozart Musical Association of Winchester. TERMS LIBERAL. A call is solicited. April 14, 1868-o. d. Oct. 2. GREAT SALE!

GREAT SALE OF CLOTHING.

5,000 PAIR OF PANTS from \$2 to \$6. 5,000 PAIR OF PANTS from \$2 to \$6. 5,000 PAIR OF PANTS from \$2 to \$6. 5.000 VESTS from \$1.50 to \$3. 5.000 VESTS from \$1.50 to \$3.

1,000 BUSINESS SUITS, \$ 2 to \$20. 1,000 BUSINESS SUITS, \$ 12 to \$20. 1,000 BUSINESS SUITS, \$ 12 to \$20. 1,000 BUSINESS SUITS, \$ 12 to \$20. 500 DRESS SUITS, \$15 to \$25.

500 DRESS SUITS, \$15 to \$25. 500 DRESS SUITS, \$15 to \$25. OUR IMMENSE STOCK AT PANIC PRICES-Our Immense Stock of Clothing. Our Immense Stock of Clothing. Our Immense Stock of Clothing

AT REDUCED PRICES. Remember the Goods must be Sold. Remember the Goods must be Sold. THESE GOODS MUST BE SOLD.

AT MARBLE HALL. MARBLE HALL CLOTHING HOUSE 1,000 BEST WHITE SHIRTS from \$2 to \$250 1,000 BEST WHITE SHIRTS from \$2 to \$250

CLOTHING, CLOTHING. CLOTHING, CLOTHING. CLOTHING, CLOTHING. Brar in mind these Goods must be sold with

out regard to Cost at MARBLE HALL. SMITH, BROS. & CO.

B. H UGH. J. G. RIDE VUR. N. B. LANGDON. HOUGH, RIDENOUR & LANGDON Commis'n Merchants No. 124 South Bataw Street,

[OPPOSITE BALT. O. H. P. DEPOT.] BALTIMORE. ORDERS for all kinds of Merchandisc. Salt: Fish, Plaster, Guano, and the various Fertilizers and Farming Implements, promptly filled.

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DANIEL MILLER, Pres. Nat. Exc. Bank, Bal'more C. W. Button, Esq., Lynchburg, Va. Davis, Ropes & Co., Petersburg, Va. R. H. Miller, Alexandria, Va. August 20, 1868-1y.

James M. Adams, Draughtsman and Consulting Engineer, No. 4 Light Street Wharf, BALTIMORE.

Engineers' & Railroad Supplies And Every Article Used in Constructing and Operating the Different Kinds of

All'sizes of Bolts and Wood Screws on hand. Steam and Vacuum Gauges Repaired Accurately and with Dispatch. Hydraulic Jacks to Eire or Sell, Ten to Fifteen Tons.

HORTICULTURAL WAREROOMS. No. 2, North Eutaw Street, BALTIMORE.

GARDEN SEED, FLOWER SEED, FLOWERING AND Vegetable Plants.

THE advertiser would respectfully advertise the public that he has received his stock of SEEDS. IMPLEMENTS. BULBS and PLANTS, and would name, in part, the following Seeds, &c.: Asparagus, Beans, Beet, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Carrot, Celery, Corn, Cucumber, Egg Plant. Let-tuce, Melon, Onion, Salsify, Parsnip, Peas, Toma-10, Herbs, &c., &c.
Plows, Cultivators. Pruning Shears, Castings, &c., Garden Tools, Pansey Seed, Phlox, Asters, Carnations, &c., Roses, Verbenns, Heliotropes, Geraniums, Fuschias, Stocks, and Fruit and Orna mental Trees, and all kinds of Vegetable Plants in season.
This is the only store in town where the Far-

mer, Gardener and Amaleur Florist can get all they may want. FRANK L. MORLING, Florist, Seedman and Nurseryman. April 7, 1868.

Howard House, Nos 5 & 7 North Howard Street. (Two Doors from Baltimore Street,) BALTIMORE.

THIS Hotel has recently been enlarged, thoroughout; and is now capable of accommodating over 300 guests. Under the management of the present proprietors, it has attained a popularity excelled by no Hotel in the country. Everything which can conduce to the comfort of guests, is furnished with an unsparing hand; and the Howard House offers nodations to the travelling public equal to BATHS, BILLIARD ROOM, BAR, ETC.,

are all unexceptionable, The Proprietors solicit the patronage of the public.

Stages will be at the Depots on arrival of trains, also at the steamers on their arrival, to convey guests and their baggage to the House. TERMS--\$3.00 PER DAY. N. P. SEWELL,

WALTER CROOK, JR. 220 West Baltimore Street, BALTIMORE,

Dealer in and Manufacturer of Window Curtains, Upholstery Goods, Venitian Blinds,

WINDOW SHADES. MATTRESSES & BEDDING Furnished at Short Notice. March 24, 1868-1y.

GREEN Corn, Pine Apple and fresh Strawberries, W. EBY.

CHARLESTOWN,

VIRGINIA,

ESDAY, JANUARY 19, 1869.

Spirit of Jefferson, BENJAMIN F. BEALL, Editor.

CHARLESTOWN, VA. Tuesday Morning, January 19, 1869.

[For the Spirit of Jefferson.] The People have been Sold, as Cattle, to the Butchers!

Mr. Editor :- I hear that the Legislature of West Virginia, so-called, has abolished all laws upon usury: In other words, has turned English and German Hardware. loose, all those people who do not add one farthing to the common wealth of the State, to prey upon those who produce all the wealth; to-wit, upon the tillers of the soil. upon the manufacturers, and upon the commercial men; who do produce, and who do give value to all the wealth of the State! Why has this thing been done? by whom has it been done? and, under what pretence has it been done? for, surely, it has never Geo. W. B. Bartlett, been done upon the application and the petition of those who are most interested, to wit :

the State-those who produce and exchange all its real wealth! To answer the first question, "why has this thing been done?" I answer, it has been done Orders from the trade solicited. Goods sold t low figures, and on accommodating terms. June 30, 1868-1y. in order that idlers and vagabonds, who do nothing, and who do not add a blade of grass, or manufacture a single article, or engage in exchanging it when produced or manufactured, may speculate and prey upon all those useful people who do produce, and manufac-Tobacco, Snuffs & Cigars. ture, and exchange, when produced, those same articles that make up the wealth of so-

upon the application and petition of the farm-

ers, manufacturers and commercial men of

Well, the next question is, who have done this thing? And my answer to that question is, that it has been done by men the least meritorious; nay the most useless and infamous; to be found within the verge of honesty, honor and civilization; to wit-by usurers and shavers!

old, lying, false and exploded pretext; whenever and wherever it has been tried and testlieve, are you such fools as to believe, that usurers-the very men who, in all likelihood, by bribery have carried this law-and all laws are now carried by bribery—desire that in may be solely for the purpose of making it a common medium of exchange for all other You must then know, and know to a cer-

WE have stocked our retail department with a full line of Mens', Boys', and Children's Suits at prices to suit all classes of buyers.

FALL OVERCOATS at from \$7, \$9, \$10 and tainty-there is no mistake about it-O ye humbugged, and brutish, and stupid people -that this law, abolishing all usury, is passed for the especial benefit of usurers and shav-AND VESTINGS, ers, and against the true interests of all those In large variety to select from for measure.
Full line of Men's and Boys' FURNISHING people who create the wealth of communities; and to exchange which, and for whose use, money was in the first instance designed Now, let us reason together, O ye hum-

bugged and cheated people, and see whether money was created for the special benefit of usurers and shavers; or for the benefit of farmers, manufacturers and commercial men; whether it was created for the benefit of those who, create all the wealth of communities, or for the benefit of those who, creating noth-WILL Practice in the Courts of Jefferson and ad-joining Counties of Virginia, and West Vir-ginia. Prompt attention given to all business ening, seize it and use it to prey upon and spoil those who labor and create all the wealth of those communities!

This brings us, then, to what money is; [DAN'L, B. LUCAL. and, for what purposes it was created; and, not only for what purposes it was created, but by whom it was created and brought into use! What, then, is money? and what are the I AVING associated ourselves as partners, we will practice in Jefferson and adjoining Counpurposes for which it was created? (3-Offices at Charlestown, Shepherdstown and Leesburg. September 22, 1868—tf.

We must first understand this; or, we shall never be able to understand whether money may or may not be used, as these usurers and shavers desire to use it.

What then is money? and why, and how and for what purposes, has it been introduced into the economy of human affafrs? It is a thing that no man can eat, or drink, or use as clothing : For Midas, of old, who turned every thing he touched into gold, found that when the very meat between his teeth was turned into gold, and that he would starve upon it, was compelled to ask of Jupiter, that, he might be delivered from the affluence of too much money: I say, then, seeing that money is neither food, nor raiment or lodging; what is it? And, now, we come to the question that will decide what it is, and how it may be used; and, what is much more important, how it may not, and ought not in justice and honour be used.

What, then, is money? what are its proper

functions and use? To answer this question, some pariphrase and circumlocution will be necessary; and yet, it will be well worth the while of all those concerned, the farmers, manufacturers, and commercial men, who produce and exchange all the real wealth among men, to look well-to, and to give heed to this circumlocution and pariphrase; for, upon the truth these will develop, will depend their welfare, and, of course, that of all society-and of

What, then, is money, and what are its proper functions and use? To answer this question, I choose, in the first place to imagine, or hypotheeate a society, or county, if you please, of thirty men, who are divided into farmers or tillers of the soil, manufacturers, and commercial men: and, to suppose, that, in this community there is no such thing as money at all : Would this be a poor community? By no means: It would just be as rich a community as though it possessed money: If all these people, farmers, manuwealth that ever is produced in any community would be produced; and it would be a rich community, for labour and labour alone, is the producer of all wealth! There would be in such a community all those things that constitute wealth, and answer in food, raiment, and lodging, all human wants; and all this without any money, or use of money at all! Why then have money? why simply because, when all this wealth existed the means of exchanging it one with another would be circuituous and troublesome. If A, for example, wanted an article that was in the possession of B. B might not want the article in the possession of A; A, therefore would be under the necessity of hunting up the article that B wanted before he could get what he wanted of A. This was barter; this was circuitous and troublesome; and, hence, the introduction of money to save all this labour

"labour saving machine!"
"labour saving machine,
it is not wealth, it is not not a thing that will fe answer for our lodging; saving machine" for the those things that are we raiment, and lodging! nature of money, the nex what it is, and, gave to it money? Did any individu of this community of the thirty pers create and inthe exclusive right to use it as he please. It could not be, in the nature by any one of the thirty in By no means: f things created bers of society, to one member which constiof which we have spoken could give to it that char tutes money. It could be agreement and consent of the whole thirty persons, who, constitute that community. Well, the whole thirty persons, of that community, did agree and consent to constitute money, as a "labour saving machine" to effect the exchanges of all the farmers, manufacturers, and commercial men of that community of thirty men. If the whole thirty made this "labour saving | and because it has been valued and they have machine" as a common instrument for the not been valued—is only used to exchange whole thirty, of farmers, manufacturers, and these twenty-nine parts, it must be plain that merchants, how is it, or how can it be that a | no injury can occur to these people who own man who is neither farmer, manufacturer, or | the other twenty-nine parts of all the property merchant; and. who produces nothing to of this community. For, in this case, the exchange, shall seize it and use it to bother

and injure all these people, who, alone have things to exchange and who produce the entire wealth of the community? But the next question that arises is, in what way did this society of thirty persons create and constitute money? What did they do to give it the character of money, and what, in fact, is money? Well, money is defined to be "a piece of metal stamped with the effigies of a prince or arms of a State, which makes it current, and authentic to pass at a common rate:" and so, money is a species of property that is valued, while no other property is valued and made "authentic to pass at a common rate;" and moreover, it is made the only thing to be received for debts and has this thing been done? Why, under the taxes; and this valuation and these other qualities are given to it, not by any one individual of the thirty persons who constitute ed; that it will make money cheaper by the community, but by the whole community bringing it into competition! Do you be. of thirty persons; and they give it this valuation and they stamp upon it these peculiar properties of being received for debts and taxes; while no other property, at valuation, things or property. In a word, this society of thirty persons, equally divided, or proportionately, into farmers, manufacturers and merchants, created money, and endowed it with its special attributes enumerated, solely, and only for the purpose of enabling these farmers, manufacturers and merchants, to exchange their respective products without the tedium and circuit of barter. This was the object of creating money, and the sole object. They never imagined that one, or any part of these working people of the thirty, would cease to farm, or manufacture, or trade, and of course, cease to have a common interest with those who farmed, or manufactured, or traded, and should turn in to making a profit upon the common instrument of trade, and to buy and sell it, and to deal in it, as though it were an article of merchandise, and in fact a product of farming, or manufacture, or of commerce. To treat such an instrument in this way, would be to defeat the purpose for which it was intended, and at the same time to give to the mere instrument of trade a despotic power over trade itself in all the products of the farmer, the manufacturer, and the merchant! And this too, when the instrument itself, in point of valuation, amounted to only one-thirtieth of the articles of agriculture, manufactures and commerce, that medium, in valuation, is only one-thirtieth o the things to be exchanged, it will be proper for me to state that, in the opinion of the most scientific statists and political economists, one thirtieth in money is amply sufficient to exchange any amount of exchangeable values. This is the opinion expressed

it was designed, simply, to exchange. At this point, and when I say the excharging by the philosopher and statesman, John C. Calhoun, in his great speech on currency, to be found in his works. Taking this to be correct, now let us come back to our community of thirty persons, consisting of farmers manufacturers and merchants, and suppose each member of this community to be worth one thousand dollars; then, one thousand dollars in money would be enough to do all the exchanges of this community, whose combined property amounts to \$30,000 : That is to say. it will be all that is necessary for their honest and legitimate exchanges, if they all continue at honest labor and production, and honestly use this "labor-saving maching of \$1,000 in money, which they have created in common for their mutual convenience; and to which they have each one of them, that is the farm er, the manufacturer and the merchant, given special advantages and qualities over all their own products, in order that by these very special advantages and qualities they might make it-this \$1,000, this machine chi istened money-answer the sole and only purpose for which they created it, to-wit : a labor-saving machine for the exchange of all the products of the farmer, the manufacturer and the merchant, respectively! Such was, beyond all' doubt, the purpose—and the sole purpose—for which these thirty men—this community created money; and he, of that community, who uses it for any other purpose, commits a flagrant crime and fraud against that community. Yes, a flagrant crime and fraud, against that confiding community! Yes, again, and again, a flagrant crime and fraud! And if that community had brains to understand the crime and fraud, as well as Cato the censor understood it-Cato, the soldier, the statesman, the moralist, understood itthat community would swing on the gallows,

thought of usury, his reply was, "Ask me what I think of murder!" Well now, let us keep our attention on this county-this community of thirty men-this community of farmers, manufacturers and merchants, who, for their convenience and that of all honorable men-of all men who are not, in the language of Cato, cut-throats and murderers—have iniroduced this "labor-saving machine," money; and for the sole purpose of remitting them from the circuitous in-

or consign to the vaults of a penitentiary,

usurer and shaver, just as soon as it would a

murderer! When Cato was asked what he

Ioney then is a us keep our eye upon this community of third anothing else; ty; who have introduced this "labor-saving machine" of \$1,000—and who have made it s, clothe us, or money;—and see how this community of imply a "labour thirty will be affected, if instead of this \$1,000 and exchange of being used, as it was intended, simply to exthat are food, being used, as it was intended, simply to exchange the products of a whole community at work, it, this \$1,000, should be perverted, and abused, and made the instrument of traud, and bad faith, and speculation—not labor—but of usury and shaving!

but of usury and shaving!

It must be obvious and plain to every one, that, as soon as this community of thirty—and by the by, this community of thirty is a representative of all communities, and counties, and States, that have introduced this "labor-saving machine" money—have introduced money, and made it money, by stamping on it a particular and defined value, and by making it the only thing to be received for debts and taxes—I say, it must be obvious and plain to every one, that this community in plain to every one, that, this community in so doing and in so acting, has made the \$1,-000 the test, and the standard, for the valuation of the other twenty-nine parts of valua-ble things, and property, and labor! Now, if this \$1,000, so made the pivot for the valuation of the twenty-nine remaining partswhole community would be at work, would have valuable productions to be exchanged, and all would have a common interest to use the common "labour-saving machine" honestly to exchange their productions.

This, then, would be the case, in which every one would be accommodated and no one injured, by the introduction of money! But, suppose, that one of these thirty pro-

chamber at one swoop the fireputs of the ancients, the coal hods, ash boxes, pokers, ducers; after this new thing money, has been introduced; and for this sole and only purpose moments by lighting a match and giving her-self no further trouble about fuel dirt or of exchanging the products of thirty people at work and producing; should take it into his head to quit work entirely; and ceasing to have an interest with the producers; should turn in, without regard to the original purpose for which money was introduced: to use it floor, and, without any supervision, it begins money to wit, as he pleased, what, then, would up to an agreeable degree of heat by steady be the consequences to this community of

I will endeavour to show you what would be the consequences: All such a person would have to do, would be, as a member of this community of thirty persons, each, worth one thousand dollars, to sell one half of his property and turn it into money! Instead, then, of there being \$1000 to hold in unison the relations of property, there would be only \$500: Well, \$500 is not enough to do the exchanges, of this society of thirty worth \$30 .-000; and the consequence would be that the whole property worth \$30.000 in relation to \$1000, in the changed condition of things produced by this one member, who sold one half of his property for money, and put it into his pocket; would be worth only one half, to wit \$15,000 ! This usurer, then, and shaver, would have it in his power, to buy the property of this community at half price ! When, in the very act of buying, he would be returning, to this community of thirty, the \$500 he had put into his pocket; so as to restore the original \$1000; and, would, thus, by mere fraud, double his money, and laugh to scorn, all the farmers, manufacturers, and merchants, who, poor fools, thought they were serving the interests of working people; and never dreamed, that, they were only pandering, in the creation of money, to people, who do nothing, who add nothing, to the wealth of society, and, who in fact, are hawks, buzzards.

and birds of prey!
Thus far, Mr. Editor, I have endeavored to teach upon principle, my common friends—the producers of all wealth—to wit, the farmers, manufacturers, and merchants.—and. I take leave to say here, that, I regard the merchant as much a producer as the farmer or manufacturer-for he, the merchant, by his labour and his cost, saves so much to the producer,-that, money is only a common instrument of exchange of the producers of veritable products. If a common instrument of exchange, then, no usurer or shaver, has any the least semblance of right, to use money as he pleases, and to make it, instead of a common instrument of exchange, an instrument of perdition, to the useful people, to the pro-ductive classes, who, created it for that purpose, and for that purpose only!

I emphasise money, you see, as a common instrument of exchange; created by all society; created by law; and this instrument is owned by, and is the property of its creators, to-wit: society and the law; and they only have a right to regulate it, and to control it so that it will answer the purpose for which t was designed. It is a public thing, for public and common purposes, and no private person can have an absolute property in a single dollar of it: He can have only a qualified property in it, to-wit: to use it, this common instrument of exchange, as that soniety and that law that created it, designed it to be used, and permits it to be used. It was intended by its creators-law and societyfor the use of working and producing people -farmers, manufacturers and merchants; and never as an instrument by which usurers, speculators and shavers, who add nothing to the wealth of the State, might skin and strip

those who produce all its wealth. In opposition to the proposition of the Lefree trade in money and note-shaving", is now the very thing for our people—that is to to keep it in place. After twenty four hours, say, that after a bloody and wasting war- | the foot may be soaked again, and that poryou may say, that after a bloody battle, the | tion of the corn which has become blackened Hyenas are to be turned in upon the dead and disintegrated by the caustic removed by flag of a directly opposite opinion—that of | tion till the cure is effected. Jno. Whipple, of Rhode Island, who some years ago wrote a pamphlet on this subject which satisfied all the leading minds both of this country and Europe, in opposition to the dogmas of Jeremy Bentham, the bribed and hireling advocate of "usurers and note-shavers" against the rights of working and producing people! Hear his war-cry against these plunderers! Yes, his declaration of war against speculators, usurers and note-shavers ! He says:

" FREE TRADE IN MONEY. NOTE-SHAVING. THE GREAT CADES OF FRAUD, POVERTY AND RUIN: STRINGENT USURY LAWS

DEFENCE OF THE PEOPLE AGAINST " HARD TIMES." I will add his definition of money, and hope hence the introduction of money as a conveniences of barter; I say-I repeat-let all who read it, will study it, and profit by it: out its dew? one Square, One Month,

thorized by government for the of the people; and he who the and selling it, adds nothing to the State, but interferes with others."

This is my doctrine, Mr.

pounce it now, and will be re it, as I did years ugo in the co paper. Your old friend and c

Summit Point, Jan. 4, 18

P. S.—This very experimen

ginia, so-called, was tried years diana, Wisconsin, and in Naufailed, after great injury to the the usury laws were re-instituted States! In the State of New York.

months in the penitentiary upon every viola-tion of the said usury law! I can furnish

will be repealed, as in those States, and in all

countries where it has been tried: Why not

No More Grates on Stoves.

has obtained papers from the Patent Office,

securing the inventor's rights upon a system

which, it is claimed, will strike the heaviest

blow yet dealt at furnaces, stoves and grates.

This inventor proposes to banish from the

steam-pipes and registers, and by a simple

adoption of nature's provision enable the

housewife to warm her apartment in a few

having passed through the probation of indi-

shaped and holds a little water, and just below

all the designs of the last half century. The

water put into the cup at the bottom is just

with steam at ordinary atmospheric pressure :

amounts to little more than a table spoonful-

it being an accepted axiom that a cubic inch-

of water will make a cubic foot of steam (satu-

to light the gas jet under it. Immediately

the steam rises, into the cylinder, heating all

the radiating surface and the excess passing

into the little condenser at the top is reconvert-

ed into water, and runs back into the cup .-

Thus goes on, self-regulating, a process as sim-

ple as the operation of solar heat. If the hand

is placed over the apertures at the top, dis-

tinet currents of warm air will be felt issuing

from the tubes, caused by the heat of the

the two agencies are co-operating in the work

of changing the atmosphere of the apartment,

and will so continue ad infinitum, so long as

the flame or other source of heat is supplied.

- The accumulation of new wealth in the

South is beginning to tell on the prices of

real estate and of State and municipal securi-

ties. In New Orleans real estate is advanc-

ing rapidly, and every week's journals bring

accounts of higher prices for all securities

dealt in at that money centre. This im-

measure, owing to the influx of western cap-

ital and enterprise. The rich lands of the

South have tempted parties from Chicago and

other western cities to buy sugar estates and

the country, from all of which the profits

instrument as can be done without pain .-

Then apply over the surface a very small quantity of pulverized nitrate of silver, and cover it with a piece of linen or lint in order

FREE MASONS .- It is estimated that the

Masonic order, at present, containes about

1,250,000 members. Of this number 150,-

000 are in England, 100,000 in Scotland,

and 50,00 in Ireland. There are about 600,-

000 on the continent of Europe, 300,000 in

the United States, and 50,000 in other parts

of the world. In England there are two or

three thousand persons initiated every year, and the Masonic body is said to be every-

- Flowers teach us we are mortal-as they

ter they are green-robed; yet they too die.

where increasing.

will, without doubt, be enormous.

N. Y. World.

at least in progress if not a success.

Professor John Johnson, of Saco, Maine,

at once, and before we suffer?

One Square, Three Months, 5.00
One Square, Six Months, 8.00
One Square, One Year, 15.00
Ten Lines or less, constitute a Square. Yearly Advertisements by Special Contract

Battle Between Crows and Turkies.

RATES OF ADVERTISING

We all remember the legend of the war between the birds and the beasts, in which the poor bat held a doubtful position, siding with one or the other as the fortunes of the fight seemed to turn. We have not exactly a similar affair to record, but one which is akin to it, inasmuch as it was a battle between birds of almost times were about the between birds. of almost tireless wing and those which do far more walking than flying. Mr. Chambers Brent tells us of a strange fight which happened on his place at Cooper's Run the other day. A turkey strayed from the flock into a cornfield near the house, where some crows were picking up shattered corn dropped from the wagon as it passe, over the field. Singling out one of the tresspassers, he attacked him fiercely, and the crow gallantly resisted the assault. Then exceed a fight which lasted for

of \$1,000, and annexed a punishment of SIX | have the advanta point of killing the crow, when latter's companions flew to the rescue. you, and will, with these facts. The new, flock of turkeys seeing the turn the affair was and incoming Legislature, if they have any taking, sped valiantly to their comrade's regard to the people—their constituents—
should at once repeal this infamous law, and before they feel its dire effects! I know it during the melec. The crows were soon routed, and rose into the air with loud "cawcaw," which we suppose the turkeys took as a threat to return with reinforcements, as the hens chirped encouragement to their wattled beaux, and those gallant heroes, sending back a loud gobble of definice, strutted the field in all the pride of victory.

"When next occurs another fight, May we be there to see." [Paris Kentuckian.

. A Sermon by a Child.

A gentleman near London went to visit a woman who was sick. As he was going into the room he saw a girl kneeling by the side of the poor woman's bed. The little girl rose from her knees as soon as she saw the gentleman, and went out of the room. "Who is damage. She may, indeed, take the contriv- that child?" the gentleman asked "U, sir," ance under her arm and carry it to any room | said the sick woman, "that is a little angel in the house, having only to place it on the | who often comes to read her Bible to me, to my great comfort; and she has just no

at once to bring the atmosphere of the room given me sixpence." The gentleman was so pleased with the lit. currents of warm, wholesome air. So simple tle girl's conduct that he wished to know how is the appliance, so readily understood, and she had learned the word-of God, and to be so so effective in its action, that when the inkind to poor people. Finding that she was one of the scholars of a neighboring Sunday ventor first announced the results, the few School, he went to the school and asked for who listened to him were incredulous, and said he claimed too much, and the means were the little girl, who was afraid when she was called to the gentleman; but he was very too insignificant. However, the invention kind to her, and asked her if she was the little girl that had been to read the Bible to the vidual neglect, and its important bearing havsick woman. She said she was. The gentleing been discovered by capitalists who now man said, "My dear, what made you think of doing so?" She answered, "Because, sir, I propose to avail themselves of the profits that promise to ensue from its manufacture on a find it is said in the Bible that 'pure religion large scale, it may already be looked upon as and undefiled before God and the Father is this to visit the fatherless and the widows in Mr. Johnson's heater consists of an air-tight sheet iron cylinder with a cluster of tubes | their affliction." "Well," said he, "and did running through it from top to bottom, and you give her any money?" "Yes, sir."— which are open at both ends. The bottom of "And where did you get it?" "Sir, it was this heater is, in the center, cup shaded and given to me as a reward."

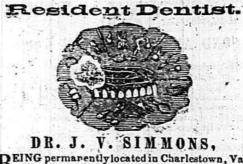
it is a gas burner or lamp. Anything simpler in construction it would be difficult to find in us on like the stream of a mighty river. Our boat first glides down the mighty channelthrough the playful murmurings of the little sufficient to fill the inner space of the cylinder brook and the windings of its grassy borders. The trees shed their blossoms over our young heads; the flowers seem to offer themselves in the smallest size of heater this quantity to the young hands; we are happy in hope, and grasp eagerly at the beauties around as but the stream hurries on, and still our hand are empty. Our course in youth and manrated) at barometic pressure. The water is sealed up hermetically when the cylinder is hood is along a deeper and wider flood, and bg made, and nothing remains for the owner but | objects more striking and magnificent. are animated at the moving pictures and anjoyment and industry all around us ; we live excited at some short lived disappointme is. The stream bears as on, and our joys and our griefs are alike behind us. We may be shipwrecked, but we cannot be delayed; whether rough or smooth, the river hastens on till the roar of the ocean is in our ears, and the tossing of the waves is beneath our feet, and the floods are lifted up around us, and we take surrounding vapor. This is diffusion. If our leave of the earth and its inhabitants, un-the hand be held at the distance of a foot til of our future voyage there is no witness our leave of the earth and its inhabitants, unfrom the exterior jacket, a pleasant radiant heat will be felt. This, then, is radiation, and save the Infinite and Eternal .- Heber

WINTER EVENINGS .- Who does not remember the bright fire side of the long winter evenings of the past, ere the dark stoves came to make shadows instead of sunshine into the room? Happy days! when life was yet young and the cares and sins of the world unknown. whem friendships were sincere, and affection unpretended! They are gone on the endless voyage, and the warm, genial fires have borne them company, perchance, too, never more to return with their happy light and joyous circles. But the winter evenings are not; and though the old fashioned fire is filled up or provement in New Orleans affairs is, in a great | hid away out of sight, and the sombre looking stove has taken its place, yet we have joyous hearts and loving companions to share our hours and add to our enjoyment. How pleasant to make one of a delighted home circle, to erect one of the largest grain elevators in and listen to the reading of books and periodi. cals, to converse and be cheerful smile in answer to the smile of loved ones, make happy and be happy. Try the experiment, dear rea-To Cure Conns .- The corn should first der, and our word for it, you will feel better be well softened, by soaking the foot in warm | than if your winter evenings are spent in water, and as much of it removed by a sharp | idleness or folly.

THEN, AND Now .- What would the young men of the present day and generation, who will wear nothing but the best of broadcloth; say, if they were obliged to dress like some of their ancestors? As soon as a voungster went to learn his trade-he was fitted out with a pair of leather breeches, which generally and dying-I will, Mr. Editor, unfurl the scraping off with a knife. Repeat the opera- lasted him, with care and patching and mending until he was free. He then had another pair as part of his freedom suit, which very often served him through life,

BEAUTY BASKET.—A fair friend fond of floral fixtures, says that if you will procure a large sized turnip and scrape out the inside, leaving a pretty thick wall around; fill the cavity with earth and plant in it some chinging vine or morning glory. Suspend the tur-nip with cords, and in a little time the vlues will twine around the string, and the turnip spring from below, and will put forth leaves and stems that, will turn upwards and curl gracefully around the base.

fade so must we. The lesson is daily offered us-do we heed it? Evergreens hint of im-- An "engagement" ring worn by a young lady of Boston, bears on its inner surface this morality, because in the dreariest days of winnscription : "Each for the other and both for A smile is ever most bright and beautiful with a tear upon it. What is the dawn with-God." How much better off the whole human family would be if we could only follow . out the above sublimely beautiful sentiments.



DR. J. V. SIMMONS, BEING permanently located in Charlestown, Va.; offers his services in every branch of his profession. Freezing or Narcotic Spray used in extracting Teeth. 37-Charges very moderate. July 23, 1867-1y.

PROFESSIONAL CARD. DR. N. ANDERSON WARE, OFFERS his Professional services to the citizens of Leetown and vicinity.

Office at the residence of Mr. Geo. W. Nicely. April 7,1868-1y.-F. P.

DR. C. T. RICHARDSON, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. CHARLESTOWN. Messages left at his residence, or at the Drug Store of Aisquith & Bro., will receive prompt at-December 24, 1867-6m.

## CLEARING THE WAY.

The Tenure-of Office bill, which has fettered the administration of President Johnson and which foisted upon him the corrupt remains and unprincipled appointees of his predecessor, has been repealed—at least, so far as the action of the House of Representatives can effect such a result, and there can be no doubt that the Senate will concur it what has been done by the popular branch of Congress-so that the incoming administra tion of General Grant will find the coast olear for removals and appointments,

The decisive majority by which this infa mous measure was repealed, and the ease and facility with which it was overthrown, demonstrates one of two things-either that the Radical party has become convinced of its injustice; or, that the "coming man," who is so soon to be invested with the reins of power, does not mean to be trammelled by laws which are pregnant with injury to the best interests of the country. We suspect the latter has had much to do in shaping the action of the House, for it is impossible longer to disguise the fact that the Republican party is afraid of Grant, but more afraid of the people, by whom they believe him to be sustained. They will not dare to war upon him as they have upon the present incumbent, and hence their apparent readiness to make his path a smooth one.

#### THE VIRGINIA MOVEMENT.

If we may credit the statements of Wash ington letter writers, the recent movement of the Virginia Conservativés is likely to meet with success, and to receive the sanction of Congress. We have already expressed ourselves with regard to the propriety of the proposed action, and deem it uscless to pursue the subject further. That the people of the Old Commonwealth should voluntarily adopt negro suffrage, strikes us as a matter to be deeply regretted, but if they have made up their minds to it, as seems to be the case, we know not why we should object. The latest we have upon the subject is from the correscondent of the Baltimore Gazette, who says

" Five members of the Virginia delegation held another interview with General Grant to-day by appointment. General Schofield escorted the committee to headquarters and introduced them to the President elect. The interview was most gratifying to the delegation. It was soon apparent that Gen. Grant had carefully examined the provisions of the ebnoxious Constitution, for he remarked that it contained several clauses for which he himself could never vote. General Schofield also explained the objectionable features of the Constitution, and stated the wrong of fastening such a Constitution upon the State of Virginia. General Grant's mind seemed to be made up as to the necessity of preventing the wrong spoken of by Gen. Schofield, but the difficulty was as to the proper means to be used. He suggested several plans for consideration, but each was deemed impracticabie. It was finally concluded to ask Congress to pass an act admitting the State upon condition that two clauses should be stricken from the Constitution-one disfranchising the white population of the State, and the other imposing the iron-clad oath where it is not imposed by the fourteenth amendment to the Constitution. From intimations given out by leading men in both Houses, it is confidently believed that Congress will adopt this solution of the difficulty.

# EDITORIAL BREVITIES.

The Alexandria Gazette publishes the following under its telegraphic news: "Judges Sheffey and Harris are in Washington, and were before the committee on Reconstruction on Friday, in reference to the removal of the disabilities from the judges of Virginia .-They both made statements, which were well received, and it is the impression that the committee will report in favor of the removal of the disabilities from all the judges. Jos. Segar and Lewis McKenzie, Esqs., have been assiduous in their endeavors to secure this desirable object, and have earned much praise for their kind offices. They have done all in their power to restore to the State her civil rights.

- Mr. Geo. Opdyke, ex Mayor of New York, is engaged on the national finances .-He asserts "that the United States have seventeiths more currency per capita than before the war, or than England or France now has; and that the proper ways to bring this currency to par with gold are to contract it at a rate not exceeding ten millions of dollars a year, and to await the growth of the country in its recources and consequent need of curzency. These means, he believes, will bring the country to specie payment in about seven years, and any earlier resumption, he argues. will be fraught with more injury than benefit to the general business of the country."

- Don Piatt, the Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati, Commercial, writes that he lately had a conversation with one of what are called the "carpet-bag" Representatives in Congress from a Southern State, and tried to convince him that it would be well, just for the appearance of the thing, to cast a vote now and then for the region he claimed to represent. But, no; he found his friend had an intense contempt for one half of his "constituents," and a deadly hatred for the other

-The New York Times says that "during the last ten days failures to the extent of about four millions of dollars have occurred in that city among the jobbing and commission houses in the dry goods trade. Business in this line has been very dull for nearly two | Post says: years, it has not paid. The recent failure of one of the largest dry goods houses was due to heavy losses through customers in the Northwestern States."

- A Washington letter in the Baltimore Oazette says that a number of the Republican members of Congress have agreed to support the proposition of negro suffrage and general smnesty in Virginia, and it may be the propo-

### HOME INSURANCE.

More than once, and by different persons whose ideas may be regarded as practical, has the suggestion been made of the propriety of organizing a Home Insurance Company for the County of Jefferson. Some of the figures submitted to us, would seem to make the suggestion a feasible one, and we see no reason why it might not be carried into practical effect and operation. All that is needed, to our mind, is the hearty co-operation of those interested, and who would doubtless be profited by the existence of such an institution in our

As a means of security against the coningencies of fire, either by accident or incendiarism, every prudent man feels and readily acknowledges the importance of having policy from some reliable company; and whilst the tendency has heretofore been to insure in companies at a distance, of whose solveney we cannot always be convinced, it is because we have had nothing of the kind among our own people upon which to rely, or n which to invest.

Within the past three years, the losses by are in this county would hardly exceed ten thousand dollars, all told. Within that time. not one single fire has occurred in Charlestown, and none of any consequence in our sister towns of the county. That we shall continue to enjoy such exemption, is scarcely to beexpected; but if such should be our good fortune, we know not why the profits arising from insurance, may not be kept at home, and distributed among our people, instead of being sent abroad to enrich corporations that have no sympathy with us, and which, instead of spending money in our community, for the enhancement of its wealth, are continually drawing it from us, to build up and improve other localities. We have not the data at hand upon which to base a calculation, but we think we are within bounds when we say that every year since the war, there has been more money sent out of the county for insurance, than would cover the entire loss by fire within the past four years. We are not complaining with our people for insuring, nor do we complain of the companies that have taken risks here, but we want to present to our people a common sense view of the amount of money that is sent out from us, never to return, and which, by judicious management might be kept at home.

A little over a year ago, we had no Building Association-now we have one that that line was in retiring from the army. boasts of almost unexampled prosperity. Six months before this association was started, a suggestion thrown out in this paper for the organization of such an institution was derided, but when the advantages of the thing were weighed, the association was formed, and we have the result-not only in the profits of the association, but in the benefits that it has already, and is yet destined, to confer upon

the community, That a well organized and judiciously managed insurance company, would be quite as successful, we entertain not the shadow of doubt. Our people may be slow to move in matters of this kind, but once make it apparent that their own interests are involved, and they' are as ready to engage in home enterprises as are the inhabitants of any other community.

We have written this to awaken interest and inquiry on the subject; and we will thank any of our practical men for taking hold of the matter and putting it in such form as will give the people a clear understanding of the advantages to be derived from availing themselves of the crude suggestions here thrown

# The "Treason Trouble Over.

In a letter to District Attorney Carrington of Washington, Attorney General Evarts authorizes and instructs him in furtherance of the purposes of the late general amnesty of the President, and pardon, to make examination of the indictments pending in the District against any person or persons whomsoever "for the offence of treason against the United States, or adhering to their enemies during the late civil war," in order that at as early day as he shall have proper opportunity he may enter a nolle prosequi for the Gov. ernment upon such indictments.

In consequence of these instructions, Mr. Carrington, on Wednesday, called the attention of Judge Fisher of the Criminal Court (Washington) to the indictments against Jefferson Davis and John C. Breckinridge, charged with treason, and J. H. Surratt, charged with engaging in rebellion, and after reciting the facts he said he felt it to be his duty to obey these instructions, and would in view of them enter a nolle pros. in the case of the indictment against Jefferson Davis for treason, found by the Grand Jury, May 26th, 1865, and also the indictment against John C. Breckinridge for treason, found on the same date. The indictment against John H. Surraft, found June 18th, 1868, charging him with "engaging in the rebellion," was somewhat different from the others, and he had concluded to make the same disposition, but under the circumstances, he thought that his duty would be to report it to the Attorney General.

- Mr. Samuel Bowles, of the Springfield Republican, descanting upon his late arrest

'My own observation is that the press rarely. does injustice to a thoroughly honest man or cause. It may be deceived with regard to a private individual, and misrepresent him for a time; but with reference to public men and measures, its knowledge is more intimate and complete than that of any other agency possi-bly can be, and I know that it withholds unjustly to the public one hundred times, where it speaks wrongly once of the individual."

THE SIAMESE TWINS .- The Liverpool papers of the 21st ultimo announce the arrival there of the Siamese twins. The Liverpool

surgeons of Edinburgh, they propose making a tour of the United Kingdom for the purpose of retrieving their fortunes, having lost all their property through the late American war, and will then proceed to Paris to have a surgical operation performed, which they have at last made up their minds to submit

- Mr. Jacob Shafer, an estimable citizen sition which will be submitted will be adopted | died at his residence in Loudaun county, on Tuesday last, at an advanced age.

#### MORE OF GRANT'S VIEWS.

His Opinions of Stanton, Banks, Kilpatrick, Conness, Sickles, Wilson, Ben Wade, and Others—The Tenure of Office Act.

rom an Occasional Correspon'dt of N. Y. World WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 9, 1869. My communication of a week ago, detailing some of Genoral Grant's expressed opin-ions regarding several of the prominent publie men of the day, has created quite an excitement here, but I have yet to hear of a single denial from any source of the entire verity and authenticity of those views and opinions, as given in my letter as coming directly from General Grant. I now propose to give you something about the effect produced by the publication of those views upon some of the immediately interested persons, and to add some further "opinions" of the General, with the assurance that their authenticity places them beyond reach of contradiction. They are in every instance the substance, if not the verbatim repetition, spoken by General Grant.

A SORBY ESTIMATE OF STANTON. In a recent conversation with Gen. Grant Ex Secretary Stanton's name was mentioned when the General unbosomed himself substantially as follows: Stanton is a remarkable man; a man of tremendous energy, of fixeduces of purpose, easily blinded by pre-judice, and an intense hater. He was a most uccessful war minister. I know of no man who could have filled his place. With a President all kindness, all sympathy, all forgive ness-who had "charity for all, malice to wards none"-Stanton in Lincoln's cabinef was a military necessity while the war lasted. He should have retired at the close of the war. A cabinet officer in time of peace is not his place. His general executive abilities are not good. His office, when L took it, was like an army after a great victory, which had no decipline except in the fight. It was full of undecided cases, unsettled claims, and unanswered letters. The regular business of the office, except so far as it affected the operations of the armies, was sadly neglected -Stanton had no single element of popularity. How he kept his place so long is a mystery to me. Lincoln feared him; Johnson hated him : both wished themselves rid of him ; yet neither dared remove him. Johnson finally mustered courage to remove him, because he thought he could use me as a convenient instrument for that purpose. I always regretted for Stanton's sake, that he held on to the office. When I surrendered it to him, after the decision of the Senate, I confidently expected that he would only hold the position ong enough to write his resignation.

GENERAL BANKS VS. SPEAKER BANKS. Of Congressman Banks, Grant speaks as follows: Banks, as a soldier, was not a success. His best and most patriotic service in General Banks was not half so great a man as Speaker Banks. There are few, if any. civil positions I might not think him quali fied for; any military position I would never think of giving him. I think he possesses many elements of high statesmanship, but I should never nominate him to fill a vacant Brigadier-Generalship. CONNESS GARRULOUS AND TROUPLESOME.

General Grant was recently asked his opinion of Senator Conness, when he replied:— Conness, speaks so much for himself that he scarcely needs any one else to speak for him. He is a constitutional fault finder. He gave me great trouble by his attacks on one of my officers, who was completely vindicated by an investigation. The vindication was more complete as the investigation was made by an unfriendly commissioner. Conness is not as great a man as was Daniel Webster, nor will his name live so long in, the annals of his

KILPATRICK MORE INFAMOUS THAN BUTLER. The kindly opinions General Grant generally entertains of military men and ex officers, he does not seem to possess in regard to the valiant Kilpatrick, regarding whom, in a recent conversation, he thus freely expressed himself: When I assumed command of the armies General Meade told me he must get rid of Kilpatrick, he knew too many politicians in Washington; through their influence and interference he compelled him (General Meade) to permit, against his own judgment, the unfortunate raid upon Richmond which resulted in the death of poor Dahlgren and general disaster to the expidition. - Johnson knew him better than the Republican party, on he would not have permitted him to come home to stump the country against the Democracy. That the friends of Mr. Dana should have selected a man like Kilpatrick to. traduce Butler amazes me. If all that Butler's enemies say of him is true, Kilpatrick, without Butler's abilities, possesses additional elements of unpopularity that have never been charged on Butler. I think the Tenureof Office bill would have furnished slight obstacles to Mr. Johnson in ridding Chili of such an embassador.

SOFT SOAP FOR SICKLES.

Of General Sickles, Grant speaks as follows: I know nothing personally of the soldierly abilities of General Sickles, though I have always thought he never had a fair chance to develop himself. He rose rapidly during the early part of the war—so rapidly as to excite the jealousy of his brother officers. He incurred General Meade's hostility at Chancellorsville, and ever after suffered in, consequence. He is a man of fine executive talent. His administration in the Carolinas was entirely acceptable to me, as it was certainly eminently successful. As a politician, he should be ranked among the first. He did the Republican cause great service in the last campaign, and ceserves as much as any other man at the hands of his party.

FIGHTING BEN WADE-NO CABINET OFFI-CES VACANT. Old Ben Wade is evidently one of Grant's favorites in a certain sense. He speaks of him in this manner: Ben Wade shows to best advantage in minorities. He does not know how to avail himself of the fruits of victory. He is a reliable old fellow, who fights bravely for and under his own colors, and can't bear peace. He has a chronic dislike for West Point and West Pointers. He told me that West Point was a nest of treason, and I alty at West Point remained true to the flag than of those who had learned it in the halls of Congress. The public seem to think it a a nation. I have learned many things, however, since gentlemen, whose advice I have

advisers for me. SENATOR WILSON ALL RIGHT. sions of Henry Wilson, of Massachusetts .- | for \$70 per acre. Wilson, he said had been a staunch friend of — A new office is established at Clark's

I came to Washington. He is an energe hard working man, and has done good service to the army and the country. He is a man of generous impulses, and has never cherish-ed malice towards the South.

THE NEXT SECRETARY OF THE NAVY. Of Admiral Porter Grant recently speke as follows: Ferter is a man of very great ability. The ready and hearty co-operation which he gave me in my operations against Vicksburg, placed me under special obligation Vicksburg, placed me under special obligations to him. He is gentleman of fine culture, and has many accomplishments entside of his profession. I have often thought that the Admiral of the navy and the General of the army should be, ex officio, the heads of the Navy and War departments. At least the men elected to fill those places should be men skilled in the art of war. Who would think of appointing a man judge of the Supreme Court who was not a lawyer?

MULTUM IN PARVO. General Grant says Schofield has made an unexceptionable war minister and has my entire confidence and warm friendship.

THE TENURE-OF-OFFICE BILL. In a very recent conversation General Grant took occasion to express his opion of the ten-ure-of-office bill as follows: I never favored the tenure-of-office bill. While I am no lawyer, and therefore not qualified to judge of the constitutional power of Congress to pass such a bill, I accept the opinion of the Judiciary Committees on that subject.

WHAT GRANT KNOWS. But I know that the special duty of the Presdept is to see that the laws are faithfuly executed, and for this purpose, the constitu tion gives him the appointing power. I know that the almost unanimous verdict of the people is that official corruption is the rule, instead of the exception. I know that the average mar-ket price of whisky in the country was one dollar a gallon when the tax was two dollars, and the cost of production thirty cents. know that imported goods have been sold i our markets for less than their cost in Europe with the duty added. I know that this was not the result of an overstocked market, for the distiller continued to make whisky and the merchant to import goods. I know that there are rings by which combinations have been made, through which corrupt Republicans have been nominated and corrupt Democrats confirmed. Since the Tenure of Office bill became a law most of the appointments have been effected through such combinations. am free to state that I believe I owe my lection more to the confidence of the American people in my patriotism and integrity than to any known views of mine on recon struction, suffrage or amnesty.

WILL BE PRESIDENT OR RESIGN. The people expect me to save them form his wholesale robbery by officials. They expect me to see the laws executed and the revennes faithfully collected. So help me God I will do it or resign. An executive officer who is no longer able to execute the law is unworthy the respect of his fellow citizens if he continues to hold on to the office. Neither do I believe that the offices of the government were to be used for the placing or retaining in power Senators and members of Congress. I shall never recognize the so called right to the patronage of their districts, so often asserted by these gentlemen.

Important Action of the Judiciary Committee.

SUFFRAGE BILL TO BE REPORTED -ANOTHER AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION, &C. A Washington correspondent of the Balti more Sun, in his letter on Sunday, says :

Mr. Boutwell will to morrow report from the committee on judiciary a bill-to secure equal privileges and immunities to citizens of the United States, and to enforce article fourteen of the amendments to the constitution The bill provides that no citizen shall be deprived of the right to vote for electors for resident and Vice President, representatives in Congress, or members of the Legislature of the State in which they reside, by reason of race, color or previous condition of slavery; and any provision in the laws or constitution, of any State inconsistent with this section, are hereby declared to be null

and void. The bill provides for carrying out this principle, and then further declares that any person disqualified by section three of article fourteen of the amendments to the constitution, and from whom such disability shall not have been removed by act of Congress, who shall exercise the powers and duties of any office therein specified shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and being convicted there-of shall be imprisoned and kept at hard labor for the term of two years, and an indictment for the same may be found at any time within

two years from the commission of the offence. The judiciary committee will also report an amendment to the constitution granting universal suffrage for State and municipa

Congress a year or two ago passed a law re quiring that the respective States should elect United States Senators in the month of January. The effect of this law is bad upon the egislation of Congress, for it takes too many Senators and Representatives away from their scats. A large number of important measures are delayed because of the absence of Senators who are interested in them.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.—A most destructive conflagration occurred in Philadelphia last week. The fire broke out in the rear portion of the extensive jewelry establishment of J. E. Caldwell & Co., Chestnut street above Ninth. Of seven clerks who were sleeping in the building five escaped through the second story windows, all seriously burned, and two are missing-Hogan, from Providence, R. I., and Polk, from Winchester, Va. When last seen Hogan had fallen down near the front door. Both are supposed to have perished. The following is a summary of the nsurances on and estimated value of property destroyed: W. C. Houston, owner of west building, value of property \$58,000, insurance \$50,000; J. E. Caldwell, jewelry, \$250,000, insurance \$136,000; Geo. Howell, owner of east building, \$83,000, insurance \$40,000; Howell & Bro., paper hangers, \$225,000, insurance \$105,000; Benj. Orne, owner of centre building, \$60,000, insurance \$54,000; could not help retorting that a much larger J. E. & E. B. Orne, \$125,000, insurance proportion of the men who had loarned loy- \$225,000: Total property destroyed \$801,000; insurance \$610,000.

EXPRESS ARRANGEMENTS .- It is reportsettled matter that Wade will have a place in | cd that the Adams Express Company has my Cabinet, because he was unsuccessful in made a compromise with other companies, his aspirations for Senatorial re-election. I and is to retire from the combination. The cannot appreciate the logic by which the re- basis of the compromise is the issue of three pudiation of a man by his State peculiarly millions of stock by the Adams to the Amer-"After consulting with the most eminent fits him for a counsellor to the Executive of ican, Merchants' and Union, and the latter to surrender forever routs given up by the Adams when the combination was made. not asked, began to select my constitutional Ballo. Sun of the 16th.

- Messrs. A. M. & J. M. L. Wightman last week sold to Mr. William Wenner, a tract Grant is unusually friendly in his expres- of 100 acres of land, lying near Morrisonville,

mine and has consulted freely with me in | Gap, Loudoun county, Va., and R. G. Bowie reference to the action of the Military Com-mittee, of which he is chairman, ever since dria to Hamilton.

Gen. Butler's New Financial Sche Gen. Butler's new bill meets with no great

favor from any party. It is too revolutionary and sensational to be practical, and probab-is brought forward mainly to attract attention to its author. The New York Express, re ferring to the project, remarks:

To assail the precions metals upon the ground that despots use them, is only a little less stupid than assailing the air we breathe, or the senses which give us life and health, because these are also the vitalizing power of despots. Paper money is only valuable when despots. Paper money is only valuable when it represents a recognized standard of value all over the world; and hence, though we call greenbacks money, and the law makes them money, still it is depreciated money, and loses in comparison with gold and silver so long as, as money, they have not the value of gold and silver. The permanently irredeemable curse which is urged would be a permanent public and private curse, with nothing redeemable about it. Of course it is highly desirable to have one currency for the government and the people, but this can only be done in two ways; either by ignoring gold altogether, and violating the pledge to pay the interest of the debt in gold, and the principal, in part, or by rely-ing upon gold and silver altogether for a currency, which is something impossible. We must grow up to a resumption of specie payments, if we cannot get them in a speedier way, and to this end Congress must act in the future more liberally than in the recent past. towards a productive section of the country. It must also labor to establish more confidence in the stability of government, in the permanence of States, and in the established rights of trade and of property as well as of persons.

The New York World says : "His plan is not without ingenuity, and a ertain sort of architectural symmetry, but it is built upon a ridiculously unstable foundation, and supported by sophistries (we cannot call them arguments) which could be generated only in the brain of a demagogue."

The New York Times remarks: "Instead of confining his attention to the various schemes proposed for paying the pub-lic debt, and getting back to specie payment, he goes the 'whole hog,' and insists on never going back to specie again, inasmuch as specie is a 'relic of barbarism,' and the only true currency—the only kind of money fit to be used by a free and enlightened people, is an 'inconvertible paper currency,'—that is, notes promising to pay specie, but never intending to do so.

The New York Herald says : "Altogether, Gen. Butler has taken a bold step in advance of the views of financiers and many of his colleagues in Congress. His speech will create a flutter among the bondholders, national banks and capitalists, and will open the door for great discussion. However much his views may be questioned or opposed by the old school financiers and political economists, there is no doubt he has struck the chord of popular sentiment, and that he will be recognized as the leader in this new movement for an American system of currency and finance."

The New York Sun says: "It is easy to see why General Butler is so anxious to erase from our legal-tender notes the words which express a promise to pay dollars.' So long as these words remain they convict the nation of continued bankruptcy, if not flat repudiation. We promise to pay dollars' on demand, and we fail to do it .-But how much better shall we be with our new 'certificates of value?' What is the 'value' of a piece of paper with the words one dollar' NEW ADVERTISEMENTS on it if there is no implied exchangeability in it, for a dollar in specie? The whole bill is financial monstrosity, and ought never to be reported back by the committee to which it has been referred."

The New York Tribune thus comments: "We have no superstitious devotion to gold and silver, even as a basis of currency. What we insist on is good faith. Don't promise to pay dollars, and then refuse to pay them; never say one thing and do the exact opposite. Gen. Butler practically concurs in this view in proposing to replace our present greenbacks and national bank notes by a currency avowededly irredeemable in coin. He practically admits that we cannot stand where we are, but must stop living on lies. We thank him for so much, as well as for his showing that the Morton plan of redeeming in the future by holding meantime several millions of coin is utterly impracticable. If he has done little toward building the required edifice, he has carted off a good many loads of rubbish from the spot on which its foundations must rest." The New York Post says : General Butler

has now completed his financial scheme. He set up in business with a proposition to pay the government's promises not due, in promises already broken. He ends by demanding that the people shall accept as a substitute for money promises to pay money which are never to be redeemed. Having no commen grounds on which we can argue with General Bucler. we shall not undertake to discuss his blan .-If we are to have a law authorizing all debtors to cheat their creditors, let us make it simple. General Butler's scheme is too complicated. It is as though a burglar should take the trouble to climb upon the roof of a house and crawl down the chimney, when the door is open."

Last Tuesday, Butler introduced a bill into the House, of which the following is the

It provides that no citizen of the United States, in passing from one place to another within the same, shall be subject to capias, citation, or other process, of whatever name or nature, in civil action, suit or cause, whether on mesne process or execution, in any State. Territory or district through which he may be passing, and of which he is not a citizen, un-less he shall voluntarily tarry therein for the space of forty-eight hours; and all process and writs contrary to the provisions of this bill shall be held null and void, and persons offending shall be held guilty of a high misdemeanor and subject to indictment, and on conviction be fined not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$10,000, and be imprisoned not less than one or more than ten years, at the discretion of the court.

A most excellent plan to permit all sorts of rascals to go unwhipped of justice. With such a law in operation the greatest swindler in the land would be able to travel from New Orleans to New York, and then embark for Europe without let or hindrance. Probably Butler is contriving a way to let the "trooly loil" rascals run off to Canada with the public funds, left in the treasury at the close of the administration; or is he afraid of suits to recover the value of the spoons he carried off from New Orleans?

- The Post Master General recommends the passage of an act by Congress incorporating a company which shall construct telegraph lines along all postal routes of the U States, and which shall contract with the Post Master General to deliver messages at a low and fixed rate. Political "wire pullers" and the metropolitan press are expected to favor the project.

Have you paid for your paper this year? If not, you had better do it at once. and enjoy an easy conscience.

GOVERNMENT OF WEST VIRGINIA:-If it be true that "misery loves company," it would be well for other citizens of Virginia, like ourself, to pay occasional visits to West Virgin-ia. As one simply under military arrest, guar-ded by soldiers, feels that his condition is not as bad as it might be when he sees another not only bound but gagged by infamous politicians, so a citizen of Virginia whose State has been degraced by the present rule to a mere military Pistrict, governed by the bayonet feels that the condition of his fellow-citizens. or rather fellow-subjects, is fortunate when compared with that of the citizens of West Virginia, who are bound, gagged and tortured.
The condition of the better part of the citizens zens of Virginia would be, if the present mili-tary Government should, unfortunately, be exchanged for that under the Underwood Constitution, or one similar, in obnoxious restrictive features to it, except that in Virginia the ills attending the colored suffrage would be superadded.— Staunton Spectator.

MARRIED.

On Wednesday, January 13th, at "Blakeley," by the Rev. Dr. E. Lippett, of Alexandria, Mr. N. WILLIS to Miss JEANIE C. WASHINGTON— On Thursday morning, 14th inst., near Charlestown, by the Rev. J. W. Tongue, Mr. CHARLES R. CRAWFORD to Miss LIZZIER. FLOOD, daughter of Mr. Thomas Flood-both of Jefferson county In the Lutherau Church of Williamsport, Md., or the 13th inst., by Rev D. H. Bittle, Mr. J. P. A ENTLER, of Shepherdstown, W. Va., to Miss MAT-TIE A. MILLER, daughter of the late George Mil ler, of Hancock, Md.

On Thursday, 14th inst., at the Fayetie street, M. E. Church, by Rev. Henry Furlong, PHILIP DAR-BY, Esq., to Miss HATTIE A., daughter of the effimister-all of Baltimore On the 5th inst., in St. Paul's Church, New York, WM J. BELL, (of the firm of Rouse, Bell & Co.,) and Miss LAURA V. KEENAN, of Winchester.

DIED.

At "Gap View," Jefferson county, on the 14th ult., CLARENCE RION, infant son of P. H. and Mary E. Strode, aged 3 months and 26 days. "Of such is the Kingdom of Heaven."

On the 16th inst., in Berryville, LIZZIE LOVE, infant daughter of William and Georgiana Young, aged about 2 months; On Tuesday night last, at the residence of Mr.

HERD, in the 74th year of her age.

The deceased for many years was a consistent and faithful member of the Methodist Church She was a meek and devoted follower of her Lord and ster in health and in sickness. Disabled by paralvais some eight years ago, there was a gradual giving way of the body, in its approach to the grave; for months confined to her chamber and bed, she exhibited throughout a patient and resigned spirit, quietly awaiting the coming of her Lord, "She sleeps in Jesus."

In Copper county, Massouri, on the 6th of January, 1869, Mr. WM. McCURDY, formerly of thi county, in the 62d year of his age. The decease was a brother of our townsmen, Messis. John W

BALTIMORE MARKETS. REPORTED WEEKLY BY

HOUGH, RIDENOUR & LANGDON. GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS

	SATU	gday, Januai	7 46. 186	9.
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FLOUR-Sup	oer		\$ 6 25a	7.00
· Ex	tra		9.0341	0.00
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CORN		1000	78a	- 90
				1.50
OATS			65a	70
CLOVEBBEED			9.004	9 23
TIMOTHY			3.60a	3 73
FLAXSEED			2 451	2.50
BACON			14;a	20
LARD			19 a	20
BUTTER			35a	4.
BEESWAY			. 37a	38
EGGB			331	36

TEMPERANCE ADDRESS. THE Rev. I. RANDOLPH FINLEY; D. D., will deliver an address on the subject of Temperance, by invitation of Jefferson Council, No. 3, Friends of Temperance, in the M. E. Church, South, of Charlestown, on THURSDAY NIGHT NEXT,

21st inst. The public are invited to attend.

J. W. TONGUE

J. P. BROWN,

Committee.

January 19, 1863. CAUTION !

HAVING suffered inconvenience and damage from parties riding and driving through that portion of my farm on the Berryville Turnpike, purchased from the late James L. Ranson, I adopt this method of cautioning all persons that such de-predations must cease. The law will be enforced Jan. N. 1868-31. CHARLES J. MANNING.

CHESTNUT RAILS.

THE undersigned will liave for sale, in a weeks, from THREE to FIVE 1 HOUSAND good CHESTNUT RAILS, which can be purchased upon reasonable terms. The rails will be delivered on the East bank of the Shenandeah river Apply to me in person or by letter, at Kabletown.
Jan. 19, 1868—1m. GEORGE BACKHOUSE.

POSITIVE NOTICE.

HAVING made off our Accounts to January 1st, 1869, we earnestly request all parties indebted to us, by Note or Account, to come forward and settle the same at once. When we say settle, we mean pay up. Our circumstances are such that longer indulgence cannot and will not be given.—We therefore earnestly hope this notice will be sufficient for all parties interested. From this day forward we shall consider our accounts due at the end of each month, when payment will be expectd, unless by special contract.

January 19, 1869. WEIRICK & WELLER. NOTICE.

THE Notes given at the sale of Daniel Moler in January last are due, and payment is expected. N. S. WHITE, Trustee. January 16, 1869-2t.

MUSICAL ASSOCIATION. PROF. IARDELLA proposes to form, free of charge, a class of young ladies and gentlemen for the purpose of advancing the art of music, to be called the Musical Society. The Society will meet on the 1st and 3d Tuesdays of each month, at such esidences as may be convenient, which will be an-nounced after the organization of the Society. All lovers of music are invited to attend.

Having returned here at the solicitation of nu-merous friends and old patrons, and intending to make Charlestown my future place of residence, I would respectfully announce that I am about forming a class, for trition on the piano and organ.—Having limited the class to thirty scholars, those wishing to engage my professional services will please apply immediately to the subscriber at the Sappington Hotel. Charlestown Jan: 19, 1869-tf. J. ANDRIA JARDELLA.

FRESH COW FOR SALE. HAVE for sale a first rate MILCH COW, with Calf by her side, which I will sell upon reasonable terms, if application be made at once.

Jan. 19, 1869—3t. J. DOUGLASS BUTLER.

SECOND ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS. THE undersigned has just received another sup-ply of new and beautiful GOODS in his line, suited to the tastes of all. The rapid sales, increasand, and exceedingly low prices in goods, have rendered it necessary to get another supply of goods this winter. Come quick and examine, and select while you have the choice, at

L. DINKLE'S

Charlestown, Jan. 19, 1869. L. DINKLE'S A BEAUTIFUL assortment of Silver Spectacles just received and for sale by January 19; 1869. L. DINKLE A NEW assortment of Silver Watches, very low at L. DINKLE'S. PLAIN Gold and Fancy Rings, at exceedingly low prices, for sale by L. DI NELE.

GOLD Chains and Gold Bracelets—a beautiful article—in store at L. DINKLE'S. GREAT many things beautiful and useful, for A N elegant PIANO new may be had very low L. DINKLE'S. JUST received, a beautiful assortment of Stand and Hand Lamps. W. S. MASON, COLOGNES, Extracts and Toilet Scaps, for sale W. S. MASON

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS PUBLIC SALE

Personal Property. WILL sell at Public Sale, at Halltown, on

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1869. The following Personal Property, consisting of Six Head of HORSES,

Four Head of Two-year old COLTS,

Five fine MILCH COWS—one fresh with

by her side;
Eight Head of STOCK CATTLE,
One FINE BULL, Two BEEVES;
Twenty five Head of ROGS; ONE THRESHING MACHINE

In complete running order;
PAGE'S REAPER & MO WER Comb'd; Corn Sheller, Cider Mill and Press; One Drill, one Roller; Wag ons. Wagon-Bed; Plows, Harrowa; Complete set of Harness—for four ho new, and many other farming imple ALSO.

120 BARRELS OF CORN. 50 BUSHELS OF POTATOES. 600 POUNDS OF BACON. TERMS OF SALE.

Corn, Beef and Bacon will be sold for Cash. A credit of Nine Months will be given on all other pro-perty on sums of \$10 and upwards the purchaser giving bond and approved security, with interest from date. If punctually paid the interest will ha-remitted. All sums under \$10 the Cash will be re-69-No property to be removed until the terms are complied with. Sale to commence at Wo'clock.

ROBERT M. MILLER.

Geo. D. McGlincy, Auctioneer.

PUBLIC SALE OF A .VALUABLE House and Lot.

HE subscriber will expose at Public Sale, on FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 5th, 1869, n front of the Sappington Hotel in Charlestown, at 1 o'clock, A. M., the Valuable TWO-STORY

FRAME DWELLING-HOUSE, tunted on "Evett's Run" in Charlestown, fronting 108 feet on Liberty street, and ex-tending 134 feet back. It is in good con-dition, containing three rooms below and four rooms above. There is also a good CISTERN and SMOKE HOUSE connected with the building. A good deed clear of all encumbrances will be given to the purchaser. Possession given on the lat lay of April
TERMS OF SALE.—One half of the amount cash; one half of the remainder in six months, and the balance in twelve months, with interest from the lat of April. The purchaser will be required to give

ond with approved security. J. D. Potterfield, Auctioneer. January 19, 1869-3t. PUBLIC SALE.

THE undersigned will offer at Public Sale, at the residence of Mrs. Keerl, in Charlestown, of MONDAY, JANUARY 25th, 1869. The following Personal Property to-wit:-One HOKSE-a No. 1 Barshear Leader;

One COW, One Wagon, in good running order; Oue Barshear and two Double-Shovel Ploughs Single-Trees, Collars, Bridles & Plough Gears; One pair of Single Lines, one Plow do; Two Scythes and Snathes, one Pitch Fork. TERMS OF SALE .- All sums of Ten Dollars and under, Cash; on all sums over Ten Dollars a credit of Twelve Months will be given, the purchaser givfrom date. No property to be removed until terms of sale are complied with.

D. DREW.

January 19,1869.

Come and See! AT AND BELOW COST!

Clothing Cheaper than it can be Bought in

NO HUMBUG ABOUT IT!

THE STOCK MUST BE SOLD! AND THE STOCK WILL EE SCIDL.

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINST BR. GOODMAN is now selling off his entire A stock of Winter Clothing, with a view to make room for Spring Goods. Call and see him!

January 19, 1869.

THE PLACE TO GO.

TOR cheap and pretty Calicos, don't fail to go to For good and cheap Muslin, always go to the BROADWAY HOUSE. For Fiannel to suit everybody, go to the BROADWAY HOUSE. For Table Lines at low prices, go to the BROADWAY HOUSE. For Shawls chesper than anywhere elec, go to the BROAD WAY HOUSE: For G loves, Stockings and all kinds of Notions, go to the BROAD WAY HOUSE.

For Bulmorals, Skirts and Ladies' Jackets, go to the BROAD WAY HOUSE.

For bargains in Hoods and Scarts, go to the BROAD WAY HOUSE. For Furs at one-third their value, go to the
BROADWAY HOUSE.

For Hoop Skirts and Cersets, the cheapest place in \*\*BROADWAY HOUSE. For Hop Skirts and Cersets, the cheapest place in town is the BROAD WAY HOUSE.

For Ladies' Velvet Hats, the latest style and largest' assertment, go to the BROAD WAY HOUSE.

For Shoes of all kinds, good and cheap, everybody that wants the worth of their money goes to the BROAD WAY HOUSE.

For everything in the Dry Goods line, it is to your interest to go to the BROAD WAY HOUSE.

To see the Fashions and be in the Fashion, go to the BROAD WAY HOUSE.

New Goods received weekly at the BROAD WAY HOUSE,

Cur. Liberty and Lawrence Sts,

Cor. Liberty and Lawrence Sts , HEDGES, Agent. UCTION SATURDAY NIGHT, Jan 22. January 19, 1869.

NO BUMBUG HERE! -CLOSING OUT BALE OF MY ENTIRE STOCK OF WINTER GOODS! REGARDLESS OF COST.

SACK OVERCOATS.—All Wool Gray Binsey
Sack Overcoats \$7, Fine Black Cloth do. \$7 50
to \$9, Pitercham do. \$10.
FBOCK OVERCOATS.—All Wool Gray Linecy
Frock Overcoats \$8, very heavy Black Cassimere do. \$50 to \$9, Fine Black Cloth do. \$950.
MEN'S BUSINESS SACKS.—Reavy Fancy Cassimere \$4. do. Gray Linecy \$4, do. Black Cassimere \$450, do. Fancy Cassimere \$450, do. Fancy Cassimere \$600, 650 and \$700.
MEN'S PANTS.—All Wool Gray Linecy \$2. 25,
Very heavy Cassinett \$150, do. All Wool Cassimeres from \$350 up. Very heavy Cassinett \$1 50, do. All Wool Cassimeres from \$3 50 up.

MEN'S VESTS.—Very heavy Fancy Cassinet from \$1 up, do. Gray Factory Goods \$1 50. do. Fincy All Wool Cassimeres 1 50 to \$2.

BOYS' CLOTHING.—Jarkets \$2 up, Casts \$3 50 up, Pants \$1 50 up, Piercham Overcoats \$3.

LADIES' SONTAGS 75 cts, worth \$1 25; Hoods 40 cts, worth 55; do. 45 cts, worth 60; do. 50 cts, worth 75; Children's do. 50 cts, worth 70; Capes \$1, worth \$1 56.

Ladies' Cloaks at one half their retail value.

All the above goods and a good many others too.

All the above goods and a good many others toonumerous to mention, will be sold regardless to
cost. Those wishing great bargains will do well to
call early, at the old stand formerly occupied by
J. P. Brown as Post-Office, adjoining Humphrey
Keyes' residence. Keyes' residence. January 19, 1368. F. P.

DASSUER Fayard et Blayn, an infallible remedy for Corns and Frosted Feet, just received and sale by W. S. MASON. for sale by UPHAM'S Fresh Meat Cure for Consumption 4c. for sale by W. S. MASON. A COMPLETE stock of Stationery, comprising all sizes of Note, Letter, Fools-Cap and Legal-Cap Paper, Envelopes of all kinds, &c., for sale by January 19, 1869.

W. S. MASON.

A LL Books used in our Schools will be found at my Drug Store. Any Book or Music not on hand will be furnished on three days' notice.

January 19, 1869.

W. S. MASON. PRESCRIPTIONS and Family. Receipts compounded with the utmost neatness and dispatch at the Drug and Stationery Store of January 19, 1869.

W. S. MASON.

NOTICE.—I would call the attention of the Painters and public generally to my large and complete stock of Oil Varmshes, Leads, Colors, &c., all of which will be sold cheaper than they can be January 19, 1869. W S. MASON POCKET-BOOKS of all sizes for sale by January 19:1869. W. S. MASON

LOCAL MISCELLANY.

THE NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COM PANY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERIca .- An insurance company, authorized to transact business in any part of the Union. was chartered by special act of Congress, in July last, and has begun active work in this and other States. The new Company has some especially noticeable features and facts to commend it to popular attention. One of these is its paid-up capital of one million dollars, which provides amply for all liabilities that may arise. The list of managers of this Company includes C. H. Clark, as President, Jay Cooke, Chairman of Finance Committee, and others whose names are too high in national renown as upright and successful business men, to risk their reputation in any doubtful enterprise. But, aside from these prominent facts, are overal novel methods of insurance, first introduced by this Company. which have shown themselves to be very popular. Under the "Income Producing" plan, a young man may provide for a yearly Theome after a term of years, which may support him or his family in comfort, however he may have failed in his business anticipations. Another plan provides that by the payment of slightly increased yearly premium the Company will repay to the heirs of the insured all the money which has been paid in premiums, in addition to the amount for which he was insured, thus giving the insurance for no more than the interest upon the premiums. By this plan, if a person insures for \$10,000, and has paid \$2,500 in premiums, his heirs will obtain \$12,500 at his death .-Another, special feature of the National Life is that it insures females at the same rate as males. By its charter, its policies are all non-forfeitable, and are also exempt from attachment, although they may be negotiated like other property. These and other specialities of the new Company will be explained at length by the Company's agents who are advertised elsewhere in this paper. We see every reason to anticipate an immense business for the new Company, starting under such extremely favorable auspices.

ROBBERY .- A few days ago the hands employed on the Winchester, & Potomac Rail road, on the section near this place, were paid off at Cameron's Depot. Several of the hands. having confidence in Mr. TIM SHEHAN, an old employee, deposited their surplus funds with him for safe keeping. That night-a: Frenchman, whose first name is Augustus and who hails from Lousiana, managed to obtain possession of \$100, and the next morning was among the missing. It is believed, that he made for New York, as he had previously been making arrangements to visit that point. We learn that Shehan is quite distressed at his misfortune, and it is to be hoped that the thief will be brought to grief before he has expended the money.

REMARKABLE CAPTURE. - Yesterday morning week our young friend, RALEIGH DON-NELLY, captured a wild goose at the Depot of this town. A bright light was burning in front of the building, which attracted the flock to which the captured goose belonged, and they all came down to within a few feet of the light. This one, it seems, was more unfortunate than the rest, and in its flight, struck the building with such force as to proceed on its journey, when it fell a victim to Mr. D. who was standing near at the time.

MEAT STEALING .- The Free Press says that GEO. W. JACKSON, a negro boy about 19 years of age, was committed to the County jail on Wednesday by justice MYERS, on the charge of stealing Bacon, Sausage, &c , from Mr. T. K. STARRY: The articles stolen (a bushel bag full) were recovered.

Other thefts have been committed here of late, and it would be well for our citizens to sleep with one eye open, as we do. A mulatto named Wm. Thompson, guilty

of larceny of one hundred dollars from John H. and George Washington, (negroes,) has been committed to the Shepherdstown jail."

TEMPERANCE ADDRESS .- It will be seen by advertisement in another column, that Rev. I RANDOLPH FINLEY, D. D., of Winchester, will deliver an address before Jefferson Council, No 3, Friends of Temperance, in the M. E. Church, South, of this place, on Thursday evening next. All the Temperance Orders of the county have been invited to be present, and an interesting occasion is anticipated .-The public generally are cordially invited to

LOCATED .- The numerous friends of our voung and esteemed townsman, Mr. JAMES B. CRAIGHILL, will be glad to know that he has fully entered upon his labors as a minister, and that he is favored with a pleasant location. From the Petersburg Index we copy the following notice :

"The Episcopal church of Eastville, Virginia, recently under the care of Rev. Dr. Colton, has secured an earnest and zealous pastor in the services of Rev. Mr. Craighill, of Jefferson county.'

CITY HOTEL, FREDERICK, MD, -This well- 231; majority for, 530. known house, which has a reputation unsurpassed by any hotel in the State, has recently passed into the hands, and under the control of Mr. F. B. CARLIN, formerly of the "Dill caterer, and his uniform unbanity and politethe guests of the City Hotel will be kindly mistake. It probably weighs about 600 or cared for.

CURE FOR CHOUP .- The parents of young children are apt, at this season of the year, to be anxious in regard to croup. An exchange publishes the following reciepe for the relief of croup, which we publish for the benefit of mothers: Take 1 oz. of sweet oil. and add to it half an ounce of gum opal.-Apply to the chest, under the arms, the palms of the hands and the hollows of the feet. It will generally relieve the most severe cases of crew in five minutes. Remember to use externally, and give the patient plenty of cold

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION .- Prof. J. Andris | N E W A D V E R T I S E M E N T S . Iardella, so well known to our people as a gentleman of fine musical attainments, and who is perfect in his profession, has returned to Charlestown, where he proposes resuming his duties as a teacher. It is useless to speak of Prof. I's qualifications in a community where his skill as a performer, and his proficiency us an instructor, are so thoroughly understood and so justly appreciated. Persons who wish to avail themselves of his services, can address him at Charlestown, where he designs locating permanently.

SALE OF PROPERTY.—The Shepherdstown Register of Saturday, says:

"G. W. McGlincy, Auctioneer, sold for E. I. Lee, Trustee, the property on German and High streets, in this town, belonging to the estate of the late James Shepherd, for the sum of \$3,310, cash. Purchasers, Mrs. Amelia Shepherd and Miss Serena M. Shep-

BALTIMORE CONFERENCE.-The annual session of the Baltimore Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, will le held in Central Church, Baltimore, commencing on Wednesday, March 3.

RELIGIOUS .- The fourth Quarterly moeting for Jefferson Circuit, M. E. Church South, will be held in Charlestown on the 23d and 24th of this month. The P. E. Rev. Dr. Wm. S. Baird, will be present.

ECLIPSE.—There will be a partial eclipse of the moon on the 27th of the present month. beginning at 7 o'clock, 17 minutes in the evening and continuing 1 hour and 18 minutes. Six digits of the Northern portion of the moon will be eclipsed.

GOLDSMITH is offering great bargains in his line. His goods are really cheap, and he is rushing them off rapidly. We are under obligations to him for two pairs of superior socks, which came at a favorable season,

#### VALLEY ITEMS.

- Kaolin, of the first quality, has been discovered on the farm belonging to the heirs of B. B. Ewing, dec'd, three miles West of Harrisonburg.

- The vote in Augusta on the county subscription of \$300,000 to the Vally Railroad, as ordered by the court, will be taken again on Saturday, the 6th day of February

- Mr. Abraham Burgess, an old and respected citizen of Winchester, was severely injured by a fall on Tuesday last. He fell from a stable loft to the floor beneath receiving several cuts about the head, besides being severely bruised.

- The propriety of building an air line road from Richmond to Covington is engaging the attention of some of those who are most interested in works of internal improvement in Virginia. The route proposed, passing thro' Rrockbridge county and near to, if not directly by, Lexington, is pronounced not only practierble, but better than the one via Gordonsville and Staunton

- A new church is to be creeted in Winchester, by the congregation of the M. E. Church, South, the present edifice being entirely too small. The Church is to be equal in size and beauty to any house of worship in the Valley. Already several thousand dollars

- John Moyers, eldest son of George K. Moyers, died suddenly at Edom, in Rockingham county, on Tuesday morning last. He had retired to rest as well as usual on Monday night, and hearing some noise in his father's stable, had gotten up about two o'clock to see what was the matter. His mother heard him go out of the house, but thought no more of the matter until next morning, when she sent stun it to an extent that rendered it unable to to his room to have him called up. Not finding him there he was sought for and found lying dead in the road between the house and the stable. From his position he seemed to have fallen forward on his face, and died without a struggle. The physician called to examine the body pronounced the case to be dis-

- The Winchester News says the many friends of that great and good man, Rev. Norval Wilson, will be delighted to hear that he is greatly improved in healt; indeed, he is stronger and more vigorous than for several

- There was a big rise in the North and James rivers in Rockbridge last week-the highest since 1865. The fall was as rapid as

- Virginia railroad route, from Manassas to Woodstock, is extended from Woodstock by Edinburg, Mount Jackson, New Market, Timberville, Broadway depot, and Linville to Harrisonburg, increasing the distance thirtyseven miles. Rout 4.663, Winchester to Staunton, is curtailed so as to omit service between Strausburg and Harrisonburg, fortynine miles decrease of distance. Supply of Waldren's office, Va., is authorized from Jan-

uary 1, 1869. - Wheat never looked better throughout the great Valley. - Rev John Cosby of Halifax county, has

been called to fill the pulpit vacated by Rev. T. J. Dudley at Harrisonburg. - It is estimated that over 5,000 tons of Plaster alone is bought and consumed by the farmers of Augusta county during the season,

to say nothing of other fertilizers. - It is the intention of Mr. George Peabody, the London Banker, to spend a season with Dr. Sears of Staunton during the warm months, preparatory to making a tour of Virginia and the Southern States in the fall.

-The Herald gives the following as the official vote of Botetourt County on the question of subscribing \$200,000 to the Valley Railroad: For the subscription, 761; against

LARGE Hog.-Mr., F. G. Swaine has re ceived as a consignment, one of the largest dressed hogs we ever saw. It was raised by Mr. E. F. Hibbs. of Mountsville, Loudoun GEO. P House." The experience of Mr. C. as a county, Va., and was killed when it was 18 GEO.P. ness as a land-lord, is a sure guarantee that wards of 700 pounds. But this must be a thereabouts,-Alexandria Gazette.

# DENTAL NOTICE. DR. McCORA ICK will visit Charlestown Professionally on MONDAY, FEBRUARY 1st, and remain one week. January 12, 1869—3t.

A VARIED assortment of Fancy Goods, including in part Photograph Albums, Backgammon Boards, Toy Books, Puff Boxes, Cologne Extracts, and Toilet Soaps, can always be found at W. S. MASON'S.

January 19, 1869. Drug and Book Store. HALL'S, Chevalier's, Mrs. Allen's, Oldbam's, Jones' and other Hair Preparations, for sale by January 19, 1869. W. S. MASON. THOURIST Writing Cases—the best and most con-

January 19, 1869. W. S. MASON,



Honey, Glycerine, Elder Flower, Boquet and Palm, and Palm,
In Quality, Style and Perfume warranted equal to the English and sold fully 50 per cent. cheaper, which accounts for the great falling off in the demand for the foreign scaps, and the unprecedented auccess of the American Company Toilet Scaps, now sold everywhere in the United States.

McKEONE, VAN HAAGEN & CO., Sole Man Prs,
Philadelphia and New York.

WANTED ... AGENTS ... To sell the A-MERICAN KNITTING MACHINE. Price \$25. The simplest, cheapest and best KNITTING MACHINE ever invented. Will knit 20,000 stitch es per minute. Liberal inducements to Agents.—Address AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo.

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., Sept. 10, 1869. LIPPINCOTT & BLAKEWELL: The people seem to be crazy about your RED JACKET AXES. Please send me twenty dozen more Qours truly, W. D. F.



CAUTION.—Unprincipled dealers are selling Axes painted red, as the RED JACKET AXE. The good qualities of this Axe consists in its superior cutting qualities, not in the Red Paint. The "Red Jacket" is for sale by all responsible ardware dealers and the manufacturers. LIPPINCOTT & BLAKEWELL. Pittsburgh, Pa.

#### NATIONAL AGRICULTURIST PENNSYLVANIA FARM JOURNAL.

DEVOTED to Agriculture, Horticulture and Ru-ral Economy. Published at Pittsburgh, Pa; J. M. & G. D. KUESTER, Editors, assisted by a corps of Practical Contributors. Terms:—\$1 per annum; Ten Copies, \$7.50. Advertising, 25 cts. per line for each insertion.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST COLLECTIONS Piano Music.

COMPLETE LIBRARY OF THE CHOICEST A COMPLETE LIBRARY OF THE CHUICESI COMPOSITIONS. Pieces suited to All Grades of Players, is comprised in the following series of elegant volumes, any one of which would cost in the usual form of Sheet Music ten times the price.

THE WREATH of GEMS, just published, contributed to the choicest and most popular taining over 100 of the choicest and most popular Songs, Ballads, and Duets of the day, with Piano accompaniment. THE HOME CIRCLE, 2 vols. containing Marches, Waltzes, Polkas, Schottisches, Redowas, Quadrilles, Contra Dances, Piano Forte Gems, and Four-Hand Pieces. THE PIANIST'S ALBUM, 1 vol., A continuation of the same class of Music as that of the "Home Circle." SILVER Piano acc's. SHOWER OF PEARLS, I vol., Choice Vocal Duets, with Piano Acc's. GEMS OF GER-MANSONGS, 1 Vol. GEMS OF SCOTTISH SONG, 1 Vol. GEMS OF SACRED SONG, 1 Vol. OP-ERATIC PEARLS, 1 Vol., Vocal beauties of the Standard Operas, with Piano Acc's THE OPERA
BOUFFE, a collection of Vocal and Instrumental
Genes from Offenbach's Opera of "Grand Duchease,"
"Belle Helene," "Barbe Bleue," and others.

PRICES. Each vol., Beards, \$2.50 Cloth, \$3.00. Cloth, full gilt, \$4:00. Sent by mail, post-paid, to

any address.
OLIVAR DITSON & CO., PUBLISHERS, C. H. DITSON & CO., 711 Broadway, New York THE PATENT MAGIC COMB WILL color gray hair a permanent black or brown. Sold everywhere. Sent by mail for \$1.25. Address WM. PATTON, Treasurer, Magic Comb Company, Springfield, Mass.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE "Grav-Jackots, And how they Lived, Fought and Died for Divie, with Incidents and Sketches of

Life in the Confederacy." The Spiciest and Cheapest War Book published. Send for Circular and see our terms, with a full lescription of the work. Address JONES BROS. & CO., Philadelphia, Pa ; Atlanta, Ga .; or St. Louis, Mo. WANTED, AGENTS, \$75 to \$200 per VV month, everywhere, male and female, to in-troduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only \$18. Fully warrarted for five years.—We will pay \$1000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more clastic scam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth canno be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay Agents from \$75 to \$200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOMB & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Boston. Mass., or St. Lonis, Mo.

CAUTION.—Do not be imposed upon by other parsics palming off worthless cast iron machines, under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine ERRING BUT NOBLE.—Self help for Young Men, who having erred, desire a better man hood. Sent insealed letter envelopes, free of charge. If benefitted return the postage. Address PERANTHROS, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa.

GEO. P. Rowett & Co. offer to advertisers the most complete method of reaching the public, through the newspapers, of any agency in the country.—Springfield (O) Transcript.

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Advertising Agents, New York. Advertising Agents, New York. "The house of GEO. P. ROWELL & Co. is the only one in the business that has itself used advertising to any great extent to advance its own interests.

They spend large sums, and find by personal experience what advertising pays the best."—N. Y. Mail. January 12, 1869. TO THOSE INDEBTED.

I HAVE a number of Accounts now outstanding, many of them running through the year, that MUST be settled AT ONCE, or I shall be forced to close up shop or curtail business. I hope those knowing my necessity will appreciate my wants, and settle and pay without further delay.

Charlestovn, January 12, 1869—3t. F. P. JELLY—assorted—in Wine Glasses and Tum blers, for sale by W. EBY.

FIRE Crackers for sale by December 22, 1868.

December 22, 1868.

J. II. CAMPBELL & CO.'S COLUMN. J. H. CAMPBELL & CO.,

ANOTHER MOVE IN THE Dry Goods Market!

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF DRY GOODS, NOTIONS AND FANCY Goods.

Which we are determined to SELL, and we will now make our Cash Prices

EQUAL TO THE BROADWAY HOUSE Best Styles Fancy Prints, 10, 11 and 121c.; New Style Delaines, 19, 20 and 25 cents; Domestic Ginghams, very best, 11, 15a16c. Bleached Muslins, best, 18, 20 and 22 cents: Good Brown Muslin, 121, 15 and 16 cents :

For Men and Boys' Wear, 59, 60, 75a\$1.00. Ladies' and Misses Cotton and Woolen Hosiery in all varieties, Ladies' and Misses' Gloves, Ludies' Linen Handkerchiefs, from 12 to 50 cents, and a great variety of Goods which must be seen and ex-amined to be appreciated. amined to be appreciated.

13 We therefore solicit a call from the LADIES especially, who will be able to judge for themselves, that our goods are at the parces we name.

December 22, 1868. J. H. CAMPBELL & CO.

CASSIMERES AND TWEEDS.

HARPER'S FERRY TRADE.

#### GLORIOUS TIDINGS! GOOD NEWS FOR ALL!!

IN the midst of the political excitement, JNO. L. SCHILLING continues to solicit the attention of the Public generally, to his well selected stock of CLOTHING

AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES; TRUNKS AND NOTIONS All of which will be sold to give perfect satisfaction.

His stock of Sample Goods is calculated to please the mos fastidious; and Suits will be made to order on the most reasonable terms, and warranted to fit. Feeling thankful for past patronage, he would respectfully solicit the continuance of the influence extended by appreciative patrons, which he will endeavor to merit.

JNO. L. SCHILLING,
Opposite Shenandoah Hotel.
Harper's Ferry, November 3, 1863.

DR. WARREN'S TONIC CORDIAL. WILL cure Dyspensia, Fever and Ague, Acidity of the Stomach, Chronic Diarrhae, Flatuleuce nd Indigestion in all its forms. It is unrivalled as an Invigorator, exciting the Appetite and securing good Digestion. Delicate Females will find it highly efficacious in restoring the strength, relieving nervousness, exhiberating the privits, stimulating the circulation of the blood. So for sale by

Harper's Ferry, January 12, 1869. CCOVILLE'S BLOOD AND LIVER SYRUP-FOI the cure of Scrofula, White Swelling. King's Evil, Ulcers, Goitre; Scrofulous,, Cancerous and Indolent Tumors; Mercurial and Syphelitic Affections, and all diseases of the skin, such as Pimples Bolls, Tetter, Ringworm, also many diseases pecu-liar to Females. Price \$ 00. For sale by Harper's Ferry, Jan. 5, 1869, C. E. BELLER. CONSUMPTION CURED—Rogers' Syrup of Liverwort, Tar and Canchalagua, for the complete cure of Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Asthma, Bronchitis, Spitting of Blood, and all other lung complaints tending to consumption. Price \$100. For sale by C. E. BELLIER. For sale by Harper's Ferry. Jan. 5, 1869.

BAKER'S PAIN PANACEA, is the best remedy known for Burns, Bruises, Euts and Swellings, Rheumatism, Headache, Toothache and Earache Price 25 cts. For sale by G. E. BELLER. Harper's Ferry, Jan. 5, 1869. NDELIBLE PENCILS, for marking linen, to be

A used as any other lead peacil. One pencil will mark fifteen hundred articles. For sale by Harper's Ferry, Dec. 22. C. E. BELLER. DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM for the Lungs, for Harper's Ferry, January 12, 1869. DR BENNETT'S sure Death to Rats, for sale by C. E. BELLER.

SAGE, Corrander Seed, Cayenne and Black Pep-pers, for sale by C. E. BELLER. Harper's Ferry, December 8, 1863. DOCKET Diaries for 1869, for sale by C. E. BELLER. AGERSTOWN Almanacs for 1869, for sale by December 22. C. E. BELEER.

LARGEST STOCK OF GOODS. EVER EXHIBITED IN CHARLESTOWN!

CHRISTMAS COODS-RARE ATTRACTIONS THE subscriber having just returned from the city with one of the handsomest assortments of Goods in his line it has been his pleasure to select, offers them at greatly reduced prices—lower even than city prices. Come and be convinced, and you will find articles BEAUTIFUL AND ATTRACTIVE, something to suit young and old, gay and sedate

Don't let such an opportunity go by unimproved, or you may certainly have cause to regret it. I will take the greatest pleasure in showing you any goods you may desire to see, tell you the price cheerfully, and sell you the goods much more cheerfully. Don't think it any trouble to me to show goods; I am always ready to attend to the wants of the proper you have wants of the people in my line.

10 Thankful for past patronage, I solicit a continuance of the same lavors.

11 Charlestown, December 22, 1863.

LOOK AT THIS AND READ! LOOK AT THIS AND READ! LOOK AT THIS AND READ!

I N order to make a change in my store room on the first of January. I will sell my entire stock of goods at a very small advance above cost. THIS IS NO HUMBUG. THIS IS NO HUMBUG. THIS IS NO HUMBUG.

Best Calicos 12½ cents,

Cottens from 10 cents up,

Delaines, 20 cents,
Alpacas, Poplins and other Dress Goods at very
low figures. Shawis, Balmorals, Flannels, Check
Demures, Plaid Linseys, Factory Goods, at lowest
Baltimore prices. Gents' Under Shirts and Drawers, Overall Cotton Flannel Shirts, Hats, Trunks,
Valiseses, &o.

Stone and China Ware at less than cost.

Ciotton Ond Cassimeres at very low figures.

Clothe Ond Cassimeres at very low figures . Heavy Winter Coats at \$3,50. Home-made Linsey Pants, \$2,75. Vests, Vests, Vests, from 1 dollar up,

from I dollar up,

from 1 dollar up. Overcoats from 6 dollars up, Overceats from 6 dollars up, Overcoats from 6 dollars up. The Greatest Bargains In Ladies' Cloaks ever offered The Greatest Bargains In Ladies' Cloaks ever offered!

The Greatest Bargains In Ladies' Cloaks ever offered! At S. A. HAMBURGER'S. At S. A. HAMBURGER'S. At S. A. HAMBURGER'S. NOTICE .- All persons indebted to me will please come forward and settle, as no farther indugence will be granted.

S. A. HAMBURGER.

ROASTED Coffee for sale by December 22, 1868.

POSITIVE NOTICE. GET IT IN TIME! HAVING made out my accounts to the first of January, 1869, I request all persons indebted to me to come forward and settle their indebtedness between this and the first day of February next.—Those who disregard this notice, may expect their accounts to be collected by law, and no favoritism shown to any one. Some of these accounts have been standing from five to six years, and it is high time they were closed.

JAMES M. JOHNSTON.

Shannondale Factory, Jan. 5, 1863—In. Charlestown, Jan. 5, 1869-3t.

THE firm of TRUSSELL & CO, disposed of their Business in Charlestown more than three nonths ago, and wet the greater number of Accounts due the firm are remaining unsettled.— CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS, Gentlemen's Shirts, Shirt Collars and Cravats, Merino Gloves and Socks, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes. A. W. CRAMER. These bills were maile at Cash Prices, and this is therefore to notify ALL CONCERNED, irrespective of persons, that if the same are not closed, by payment or Note, by the 1st of February ensuing, they will at once be put in other hands for compulsory settlement.

T. & CO. O'STERS-Fresh-in 1 and 2 pint caus, for w. EBY, BRANDY Peaches, in | and | gallon glass jars for sale by W. EBY. January 5, 1869—1m.

Public Sale.

HAVING discontinued farming, I will offer at WEDNESDAY, FEBUARY 3rd, 1869, t "BLAKELEY," the residence of my father, R. Washington, three miles Southwest of Charles own, the following property, viz:

9 LARGE WORK MARES,

(Some IN FOAL;) ONE SUPERIOR RIDING HORSE, ONE FINE LARGE SORREL STALLION I FINE RIDING AND DRIVING HORSE One Riding Pony, four two-year old Colts;
Two Yearling Colts;
Six Cows and four head of voung Stock
Cattle; one hundred head of Sheep; some
Thorough-bred Southdowns. All of the
Ewes have been running with an imported Southdown Buck.

One set Wagon Gears for Six Horses, new, Nine set of Plough Gears, Wagon Saddle, One two-horse Spring Wagon and Harnese; One new Krller's Gum Spring Drill; One new Krller's Gum Spring Drill; One new McCormick Mower; One Buggy Horse-Rake, One Road Wagon and Bed, One broad-tread Wagon; One Cider Mill; two Cutting Boxes; Three new Barshare Ploughs, Three new Barshare Ploughs, Single and Double Ploughs; one Log Chain, Fifth Chain and Spreaders, Breast Chins and Splices, Double, Single and Thribble Trees;

200 BUSHELS SEED OATS, and various other articles too numerous to menti which are found on a well conducted farm. TERMS OF SALE. All sams of Ten Dollars (\$10.) and under. Cash; above this amount, a credit of eight month:—notes bearing interest with approved scurity. If punctually paid, the interest to be remitted.

17. No property to be removed until terms of sale are complied with. Sale to commence at 1602 ciock.

JOHN A. WASHINGTON.

J.D. POTTERFIELD, Auctioneer.

January 12, 1869. RICHMONDEDISPATCH FOR 1869! GREAT' REDUCTION OF, PRICE. During the year 1869 to Ciubs for

THE great increase in the circulation of the Dis-PATCH enables us to offer it to our subscribers for the next twelve months at the following re-

DAILY DISPATCH. 

WEEKLY DISPATCH. Rates to Clubs for Twelve Months: Cen copies, addressed to one person at one The money must accompany every order. noney orders, or registered letters.

Specimen copies of any of our editions sent on pplication. For either the Daily, Semi-Weekly, or Weekly Dispatch, address
COWARDIN & ELLYSON,
January 5, 1869. Richmond, Virginia

Homsher & Drawbaugh. KEARNEYSVILLE, VA., AVE asways on band and are daily replenish-ing their large stock of

DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS AND CAPS.

NOTIONS IN GREAT VARIETY. FULL STOCK OF CHOICE GROCERIES.

SALT AND FISH, HARD AND HOLLOW WARE.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. 3G All parties indebted to us will please call and etcle their bills. Kearneysville January 5, 1869. DISSOLUTION.

THE firm of Ranson & Duke has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The books and accounts are ready for settlement, and promptness is expected. Either partner is authorized to use the A. R. H. RANSON,

COPARTNERSHIP. THE undersigned have this day entered into a Copartnership, under the name and style of McCurdy & Duke, for the purpose of conducting the Hardware and Agricultural Implement Business in all its branches. They will occupy the old stand

if Ranson & Duke, and solicit a share of patronage of the public.

JOHN W. McCURDY,

J. ED. DUKE. I regret that other and important engagement compel me to retire from business, but am glad to be able to say that I leave the house on a firmer base than ever, and in every way deserving of the confidence and patronage of the public, and I hope that my personal friends will extend to the new house the same generous support they have always given me.

A. R. U. RANSON. January 5, 1869-3t. F. P. and Register copy.

Woolen Goods AND READY-MADE CLOTHING. AM in receipt of a large stock of the above goods,

which I am offering at greatly reduced prices.
The stock consists, in part, as follows: CASSIMERE SUITS splendid quality; Pants from \$1.75 up to \$8.00. Overcoats, well assorted; French, English and American Cassimeres; Velvet Cord Fustion, Kentucky Jeans, Fulled and Plaid Linseys. I have also a large stock of DRESS GOODS, Prints, Blch'd and Brown Cottons, and Notions. Country, Spanish and Red Sole Leather, Upper, Kip and Calf Skins; a large lot of Boots and Shoes, and Hats. FRESH GROCERIES. Sugar, Coffee, Mackers, Syrups, Pepper, Ginger,

sugar, conice, macketal, Syrops, repper, Ginger, very superior Green and Black Teas, together with a great many other goods, all of which I am offering low for Cash or short time, to punctual cus tomers.

JOHN W. GRANTHAM.

Middleway, December 22, 1868. NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS. WILL meet the Tax Payers of AVERILL TOWNSHIP, at Mrs. Farnsworth's Hotel, on THURSDAY of each week, for the purpose of collecting the Taxes due for the year 1868. If prompt payment is made in the month of January, 1869, no additional per cent will be charged. I will also meet the Tax-Payers of BOLIVAR and HARPEB'S FERRY TOWNSHIPS at John

ce's Store, in Harper's Ferry, on SATURDAY of each week. If prompt payment is not made by first day of February, 1569. I will be compelled to distrain for Taxes unpaid. Further indulgence than above stated, cannot and will not be given.

GEORGE KOONCE, D. S. Jan. 5, 1869-3m.

93-P. S.—I advertise in the Spirit for my own convenience, and the benefit of Tax Payers.

GEO. KOONCE, D. S.

DRESSED LUMBER. TUST received 20,000 FEET DRESSED YELLOW All kinds of YELLOW PINE LUMBER on hand at my yard.

Bills including FLOORING AND CEILING—
Dressed or Undressed—furnished at short notice.

W. J. HAWKS. W. J. HAWKS, Agent for Miller & Co. October 6, 1868-3m. F.P.

HAVE for sale, a light, new and beautiful, One-Horse SLEIGH, at a very reasonable price. It runs smoothly, and is warranted strong and perfect in every particular.
RICHARD H. BROWN. LAST NOTICE!

FRESH Tomatoes for sale by December 22, 1868.

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE.



LIFE: INSURANCE COMPANY. OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF CONGRESS.

PAID IN FULL.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING. PHILADELPHIA, WHERE the general business of the Company

OFFICERS: CLARENCE H. (LARKE, President. JAY COOKE, Chin'n Finance and Ex. Comm. HENRY D. COOKE, Vice-President. EMERSON W. PEET, Secretary and Actuary. This Company, National in its character, offers,

of insuring life yet presented to the public. The rates of premium being largely reduced, are made as favorable to the insurers as those of the best Mutual Companies, and avoid all the complications and uncertainties of Notes, Dividends, and the misunderstandings which the latter are so apt

to cause the Policy-Holder. amount of his policy.

The attention of persons contemplating insuring their lives or increasing the amount of insurance

on application to the Branch Office of the Company, JAY COOKE & CO., Washington, D. C. General Agents for D. C., Va. and W. Va. E. M. AlSQUITH, Charlestown, W. Va., Spec. Agent for Jefferson County. December 1, 1868-1y.

OFFICE .-- No. 229, BROADWAY, CORNER BARCLAY STREET, NEW YORK.

ASSETS OVER \$3,000,000. N. D. MORGAN, President. J. W. MERRILL, Secretary.

Insurance, than any other in the United States ITS POLICIES ARE NON-FORFEITING; THIRTY DAYS GRACE ALLOWED ON ANY RENEWAL OF PAYMENT;

No restriction of travel in the United States or North America, north of the Southern Cape of FLORIDA, or in Europe at any season of the year.

No EXTRA CHARGE in consequence of Change of
Employment, after Policy is issued.

The new leature of the "New York State Registered Policies," originated by the President of this company, guarantees to all, in all parts of the country, who receive Registered Policies, unquestionable and adequate security, equal to that of a National Bank Note, or United States Bond Dividends declared annually, and may be applied in reducing the annual premium, or in increasing the amount No CHARGE made for Examination, Policy or This is the most successful Life Insurance Com-

Box 30, Post Office, Charlestown, Jefferson county, W. Va. December 8, 1868-6m.

OF NEW YORK, FOR Virginia, West Va. and Maryland THE LARGEST COMPANY IN THE WORLD ASSETS OVER \$25,000,000. PPLICATIONS left with EUGENE WEST,

ARLINGTON MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF VIRGINIA,

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, RICHMOND. SSUES every description of non-forfeiting Life and Endowment Policies known in Life Insustantly increasing.

A man at the age of 30, may insure his life for

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

THOROUGH-BRED ALDERNEY BULL. A Will sell said Bull or exchange him for one of the short horned Durham breed. This bull is two years old, of R. D. Shepherd's imported stock.— Pedigree given. LEE MOLER. edigree given. December 22, 1968-4t. Spirit copy 4w and send bill to this office .- Reg.

New Pistols, Cash, or Merchandise in exchange or same.

D. HUMPHREYS & CO. December 22, 1869.

gift. Call and examine them. December 22, 1868. JUST received a bale of New York made Com-forts, very heavy—cheaper than can be made at home. Fancy Counterpanes, and White and Gray Biankets, at Baltimore prices. December 22, 1868. J. GOLDSMITH.

TRAND Duchess Skirts, very low; Sontags, December 22, 1,66. J. GOLDSMITH.

ADIES' and Gents-now is the time to buy December 22, 1868.

J. GOLDS MTR'S. NEW CROP NEW OBLEANS MOLASSES, for REARSLEY & SHEERER. REAL ESTAT

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTAT WE will sell at PUBLIC SALE, on WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 20th, 1869, At 1 o'clock, P. M., at Lectows, The Farm belonging to John W. Dalgarn, situated in Jeffer son county, W. Va., near the turnpike leading from Smithfield to Shepherdstown—2; miles from Smithfield, 2 miles from Leetown, and 6 miles from Learneysville, on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad-

CONTAINING 74 ACRES, of Good Land—17 acres in TIMBER, balance Cleared and in fine state of cultivation—farm well watered and the fencing good. The Improvements are agood STONE DWELLING HOUSE, Meat House, two Corn Houses, Statistic ble, Granary, &c. This farm is convenient to Schools, Mills, Churches and Stores; in fact it is a very desirable little property.

Persons wishing to see the place will call on the owner, who resides on the premises. Can be bought at private sale previous to the above stated time.—Terms will be accommodating, and published at the time and place of sale, by

WALFON & CRAIGHILL,

Agents for John W. Dalgarn

J. D. Potterfield, Auct?

December 15, 1868. F. P. and Register copy.

VALUABLE FARM

For Sale. The Hill Farm, BELONGING to the estate of the late James I

MOST VALUABLE pieces of property in this county, and is so well known that I deem a description unnecessary.

I desire to sell at once, and will make the terms to suit any one desiring to purchase.

A. R. H. RANSON,

Executor of J. L. Ranson.

September 29, 1868—tf. F. P. copy.

DISSOLUTION.

NOTICE is heroby given that the firm heretofore existing under the name and style of Smith, Walton & Craighill, Real Estate Agents of Charlestown, West Virginia, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

A. S. SMITH, SAM'L WALTON, Nov. 5, 1863.

W. N. CRAIGHILL The business will be continued by the undigned. WALTON & CRAIGHILE

WALTON & CRAIGHILL, Real Estate Agenta CHARLESTOWN, WEST VIRGINIA, FARMS, MILLS, STORES, MANUFAC-TORIES, PRIVATE RESIDENCES,

MACHINE SHOPS, &c. Our Catalogue, containing a full description of a large number of farms and other properties, will be sent to all applicants. No enarge for offering property for sale until sold.

WALTON & CRAIGHILL. November 10, 1868-tf

OFFER for cent until the first day of April next, the DWE ING HOUSE recently occupied by me in Charlestown, sit-Application to be made at once.

January 5, 1869 -3t.

C. W. AISQUITH.

FOR RENT.

WANTED. A GOOD and Well Improved FARM, in the Valley, to exchange for Property in Brooklyn, New York, Address WALTON & CRAIGHILL, Real Estate Agents, Charlestown, W. Va.

FOR SALE.

THREE BUILDING LOTS-

Located in Charlestown, on the upper side of the Baptist Church Square—fronting 65 feet on Con-gress Street, running tack the depth of the square. Apply to REV. W. S. PENICK. June 2, 1868.

Aisquith & Washington's ·CHRISTMAS NOTICE. WE offer for sale a large and handsome stock of Goods suitable for the Holidays. BOOKS OF EVERY VARIETY, HOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, PORTFO LIOS, WRITING DESKS, WORK BOXES, HAIR BRUSHES, BUFFALO COMBS, POCK-ET BOOKS, MONEY WALLETS,

> A large and choice stock of PARLOR AND STAND LAMPS. Purchased especially for Holiday Gifts.

PAPER AND ENVELOPES.

BEAUTIFUL TOILET SET. Of Bohemian Glass. FBENCH CANDY IN 1 LB. BOXES

Perfumery Soaps & Druggists' Fancy Goods, ever offered in this town. We invite the attention of the public to our stock and solicit a call before purchasing elsewhers. Dec 15, 1863-

NOTICE.

And the largest stock of

THE undersigned takes this method of informing the public that he has sold out his stock of CLOTHING and business in Harper's Ferry, to Julius Jacobson, and asks for his successor a continuance of old favors.

M. ROSENBERG. NOTICE. A LL persons owing accounts at my Store, are a most earnestly requested to come forward at once and pay them promptly, as I am compelled to have money to keep up my business. From this time forward, all persons having accounts at my store will be expected to settle them promptly on the lat day of every month, unless an understanding to the contrary exists.

January 5, 1869. DAVID HOWELL. NOTICE. A LL of our Accounts are now ready, and where no arrangement to the contrary exists, payment is expected at once.

D. HUMPHREYS & CO.

November 17, 1864. Papers advertising for us copy. ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

A EL persons having claims against the estate of a Abraham Bell, deceased, are requested to pre-ent them at an early date, properly authenticated. Prices knowing themselves indebted to said estate, will please call and settle.

ALEX. MASON EVANS,

Novomber 17, 1868—tf. Administrator

WANTED, PERSONS knowing themselves indebted to me by ACCOUNT or NOTE are requested to make early payment. TERMS, hereafter, CASH on delivery, except to prompt monthly customers, from this date, Jacuary I, 1869. A good stock of GOODS constantly on hand at

lowest cash prices, Respectfully, W. EST. UPHOLSTERING. THE undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Charlestown and vicinity, that

he is prepared to repair SOFAS, CHAIRS, MATTRASSES, AND VENITIAN BLINDS. All orders left with Mr. George W. Sadler, will be promptly attended to.

(15-All work warranted to give satisfaction.

November 3, 1868 W. T. SIMMONS.

Cystors. O VSTERS served in every style at my Oyster Room in Basement of Sappington Hotel-front I can furnish the very best and freshest Oysters in quantities to suit customers. Orders to supply families or parties promptly attended to.

Give me a call.

J. F. BLESSING.

WELT CLOTH BALMORALS, Marino and Colored Fronch Cornets,
Merino and Cotton Hose,
Gloves, Gauntlets, &c.
October 20.

A. W. Ci A. W. CRAMER. ADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Another supply just received by October 20. A. W. CRAMER. DIPES, Stems and Smoking Tobacco, for sale by December 22, 1868.

NATIONAL

APPROVED, JULY 25, 1868. CASH CAPITAL, - - - \$1,000,000. BRANCH OFFICE:

transacted, and to which all general correspond ence should be addressed.

by reason of its Large Capital, Low Rates of Premium and New Tables, the most desirable means

Several new and attractive tables are now presented, which need only to be understood to prove acceptable to the public, such as the INCOME-PRODUCING POLICY and RETURN PREMIUM POLICY. In the former, the policy-holder not only secures a life insurance, payable at death, but will receive, if living, after a period of a few years, an annual income equal to ten per cent. (10 per cent.) of the par of his policy. In the latter, the Company agrees to return to the assured the total amount of money he has paid in, in addition to the

they already have, is called to the special advantages offered by the National Life Insurance Com-Circulars, Pamphlets, and full particulars given

NORTH AMERICA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

HIS Company offers more favorable terms for

pany on this continent.

Full and detailed information will be furnished on application by letter or personal interview. GEO. ED. CORDELL, Agent.

MATTHEWS, GIBSON & CO., Life and Fire Insurance Agents. OFFICE, WINCHESTER, VA. Special Agents for the MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMP'Y.

A Charlestown, W. Va., promptly attended to.-Dr. G. F. Mason, Medical Examiner. MATTHEWS, GIBSON & CO., August 25, 1868—tf. Special Agents.

It affords the utmost facility to all classes with he lowest rates of premiums.
It has equal claims with any Company whatever as affording perfect security to Policy holders, and its large and securely invested accumulation is con-

\$1,000, by an annual payment of \$12.75.

INSURE YOUR LIFE IN A HOME COMPANY.

RANSON & DUKE, Agents,

November 24, 1863—3m. At Charlestown.

ARMS! ARMS!! SECOND-HAND Sharp's Carbines, Henry's and Spencer Carbines and Rifles; Colt's, Reming-ton's, and Smi h & Wisson's Army and Navy Pis-

FURS. THE second supply of those very nice cheap Furs has just come to hand in time for a nice Christ

CLOAKS.—A new supply of Ladies' Cloaks, just received, from \$5 up. A large assortment of Ladies' and Gents' Gloves, such as Fur-top Kids, Fur-top Berlin Plush, Cloth, Merino, Buckskin and Sheepskin—also Gents' Linen and Paper Cuffs. December 22, 1864. J. GOLDSMITH. A Lt. sorts of Dress Goods, Calicos and Domestics A at prices lower than ever. Endless variety of Clothing; Hats and Caps, at prices to astonish every body. Trunks, Valises, Carpet Bags and Railroad Bags, at J. GOLDSMITH'S,

FAMILY Whiskey, in bottles and on draught,

The prisoned odors hide. But at my voice these phantoms pass
And melt in tender fear,
As fairies on the moonlit grass
A distant step who hear.

Oh! fluttered bird, oh! startled fawn, Thee wait I to behold, As happy clouds await the dawn

That turns their grey to gold, Awake, dear nature's playmate fair,

All darkness she beguiles, Who scatters on the longing a r The largest of such smiles. Almost I feel as if & might Thy timid beauty wrong. To weave, oh! chaplet of delight, Thy graces into song:

The chant of brooks in forests dark
The night song of the sea.
The airy lyric of "the lark"
Thy minstrels y should be.

# MISCELLANEOUS.

Smart Sayings of Children.

A friend of mine has two bright little boys Freddy, between three and four years old and Willie, about five. A chronicle of their doings and sayings would fill a volume, but two specimens must suffice. Both were very fond of milk, and a mug of it always completed their supper. But while in the country last summer, it so chanced that they one day saw the girl milking. "There Willie," said Freddy, "you see that, do you? I don't want any more milk after the cow's had it." And he withdrdw very much disgusted. Thatevening, when their mugs of milk were placed upon the table, both stood untouched. A reason of this phenomenon being asked, Freddy simply declared that he did not want any milk after the cow had had it, but further refused to explain. Willie, however, told the discovery of the morning. The mother then explained to them that the milk did not come to them second hand -the cow ate grass which was changed into milk by a wonderful chemical process, akin to that which produced everything in nature. In the light of this explanation, Willie was satisfied, but Freddy still turned up his nose at milk, sticking to the original proposition. After supper, Willie, who on these important occasions always as expounder, took his brother aside into a corner. "It's all right, Freddy," he said, "and you can just go on drinking your milk again. The cow eats grass, and that's what makes it. Now, if the cow didn't cat the grass you'd have to, you see. That's what the cow's for." Freddy resumed his evening draughts. To his mind the only alternative was eating grass, and from that he shrunk.

#### A Cool Beauty.

Here is a touching love story, with a situation in it, for which I can vouch as never hav-Ling appeared in print, At the mature age of fourteen, I had become a being of dark imagihings on whom the freshness of the heart had long ceased to fall like dew, in consequence of my entertaining a fruitless passion for a charming cousin of mine, who was only seven years and a half older than myself.

One fine September morning, when I was about to return to school, I came to the fataldetermination of declaring my passion; and with that view I ran her to earth in a summer-house which overlooked the lake in her father's grounds. I rushed in and fell on my knees before dier; I remember to this day how the fire cones with which the place was paved hurt them ; I blurted out my love in an incoherent speech, which may have lasted three minutes, or three quarters of an hour, as far as I am able to state at this distant period. I love to think of her now with a moderate amount of gratitude, because she did not laugh, but helping me up, and kissing me on the ferehead, she said -

"Poor, dear boy, and so you are going back to Winchester, are you? Mind you are good at your lessons; don't get flogged, which would grieve me very much; and here is a sovereign for you, and I think you had better

not keep the carriage waiting.' To this day I cannot help thinking that it must have been excess of emotion which caused me to-run away as hard as ever I could, with the coin in my waistcoat pocket.

- Aunty," said a sentimental neice to a bereaved widow, "now you're prosperous and well to do, let us get some pretty tombstones for good uncle Daniel ; you know he has none at his grave." Aunt Keziah lifted up her hands, and emphasized this touching expression: "Jane, if they want anything of Daniel at the judgment, they can find him without a guide-board; I tell you he'll be there

- A darkey in Natchez was boasting to a grocer of the cheapness of ten pounds of sugar he had bought at a rival store. "Let me town Depot. weigh the package," said the grocer. The darkey assented and it was found two pounds short. The colored gentleman looked perplexed for a moment, and then said : "Guess he didn't cheat dis child much, for while he was gettin' de sugar, I stole two pair of shoes."

- Curran being at a party at the soat of and Irish nobleman, one of the company, who was a physician, strolled out before dinner into the churchyard. Dinner being served up and the doctor not returned, some of the company were expressing their surprise where he could be gone to. "Oh," says Curran, NEW STOCK AND NEW PRICES! "he has but just stepped out to pay a visit to some of his old patients."

-"Massa say you must sartin pay the bill to-day," said a negro to a New Orleans shop-

"Why, he isn't afraid I'm going to run away, is he?" was the reply. "Not 'zacly dat; but look here," said the darkey, slyly and mysteriously, "he's gwoin to run away himself, and darefore wants to make a big raise."

a bows As he turned his back he heard the THAN THEY CAN BE PURCHASED ELSEWHERE. following amusing conversation:

"Why, John, didn't you know that was Parson M. ?" "Yes, of course I did."-"Why did you not make a bow to him?"-"Why, mother don't belong to his church."

- Only our cradle songs, sounding back on the memory, soothe the sorrowful soul to slumber when it has wept itself hot and fe-

- Is the garment of religion to be judged by the length of the nap during service.

- Beauty never dies ; it is like truth ; they both have an immorality somewhere.

-The great rigger of the scason-The ladies' dressmaker.

MISCELLANEOUS.

YOUNG MEN Who are desirons of preparing themselves practically for the Actual Duries of Business, should attend the

BRYANT, STRATTON & SADLER SOUTHERN BUSINESS COLLEGE, No. 8 North Charles Street,

BALTIMORE, MD. The most complete and thoroughly appointed College of Business in the country, and the only institution of AUTUAL PRACTICE in the State of Maryland. Our course of instruction is wholly practical and arranged to meet the demand of the age; being conducted upon a thorough system of

ACTUAL BUSINESS PRACTICE, Affording to Students the facilities of a practical Business Education, by means of banks, representing money, and all the forms of business paper, such as Notes, Drafts, &c., together with Business Offices to represent the principal departments of trade and commerce.

COURSE OF STUDY. The curriculum of study and practice in this Insti-tution is the result of many years of experience, and the best combination of business talent to be found in the country. It embraces

BOOK-KEEEPING IN ALL ITS DEPARTMENTS AND APPLICATIONS. COMMERCIAL LAW, COMMERCIAL ARITHMETIC. . SPENCERIAN BUSINESS WRITING. With incidental instruction in the principles of

POLITICAL ECONOMY, And a thorough training in BUSINESS CORRESPONDENCE.

The standard of Business Writing is adopted and taught in its purity at this Institution, by one of the most experienced and successful teachers of Business and Ornamental Penmanship in the country.

STUDENTS Can enter at any time, as there are no vacations. Special individual instruction to all Students.

THE CELEBRATED

STEEL PENS Officially adopted and used in our Institution, and BIG UNSURPASSED BY ANY IN THE MARKET.

Five kinds. Samples for 20 cents. Per Gross, \$1.50. Quarter Gross Boxes, 50 cts. Prepaid to any address. No. 333, fine smooth points, adapted to school purposes and general writing. No. 455. The National Pen. Medium points,

No. 8. The Ladies' Pen. Very fine and elastic. For Card Writing, Pen Drawing, and fine Orna-mental Work, this Pen is unequaled. No. 117. The Excelsior Pen. Smooth points, very flexible. This is the Pen for hold, free writing, striking off-hand capitals, flourishing, &c. No. 7. The Business Pen. Large size, coarse points, holding a large quantity of ink. The points are very round, and do not stick into the paper and spatter the ink like most other coarse. The trade supplied at the lowest wholesale rates.

For further particulars send for College Journal. Special Circular and Splendid Specimens of Penman-ship, (enclosing two letter stamps.) Address THE BRYANT, STRATTON & SADIER BUSINESS COLLEGE.

Baltimore, Md. January 5, 1869-1y . NEW STOCK OF GOODS! At Summit Point, Jefferson Co., W. Va. BOUGHT FOR THE CASH!

W E are now opening a full and complete stock of well selected goods—that cannot be excelled by any other Store in the Valley or country around us. Our line of LADIES' DRESS GOODS, composed of Alpacas, Lawns, Lenos, Poplins, lozan biques, Shallies, Persian Cloth, Organdics ombazines, Delaines, Reps, French Percale, Ging Muslins, Markeilles; also a full and SELECT VARIETY OF NOTIONS.

such as Hosiery, Gloves, French Corsetts, Hoop Skirts, Linen Handkerchiefs, Braids, Buttons and Trimmings, &c., &c. A full stock of DOMESTIC. GOODS, comprising, in part, Bleached and Brown Muslins, Woolen, Cotton and Linen Goods, Floor Matting and Oil Cloth: also, a general assortment of GEN-TLEMEN'S WEAR—in piece or Ready-Made. A heavy stock of BOOTS, SHOES and HATS—for Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses, Boys and Children.

A complete stock of Queens ware, Wooden-ware,
Hardware; and a stock of HARNESS, such as Riding and Bland Bridles, Collars, Lines and Back-

bands, &c. A large stock of FURNITURE, such as Cottage Bedsteads, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Tin Safes, Chair s, Rockers, Washstands, &c., at prices that we can guarantee. A FULL STOCK OF GROCERIES, such as Sugars of all grades, Rio, Java and Laguy ra Coffee, Teas of the best quality, Oils, Syrups, Salt. &c., all of which we are offering at very short profits for Cash or Produce, and we ask our friends and customers to give us a trial before purchasing elsewhere.
HILLEARY, WILLSON & JOHNSON.

# April 28, 1868.

CO-PARTNERSHIP. THE undersigned have entered into a Co-Part-nership under the firm of STARRY & LOCK, for the purpose of conducting the Produce Com-mission and Forwarding Business at the Charles-J D'. STARRY. JNO. J. LOCK.

To the Farmers, Millers and Others IN THE COUNTIES OF JEFFERSON & CLARKE. TAVING associated ourselves in business for the In purposes of the above Card, we will pay for Wheat, Flour, Corn and all other kinds of Produce the highest market prices in Cash, or will receive

turns in the shortest time. . STARRY & LOCK. Charlestown Dapot, Jan, 15, 1867. COMPETITION CHALLENGED!

THE undersigned has just returned from the East with an extensive and attractive Stock of WIN-TER GOODS bought at the latest decline, to which invites the attention of Buyers. The opportuniy to buy reasonably is presented FOREIGN & DOMESTIC GOODS, Alpacas, Poplins, Reps., Delaines, Plain, Plaid and Opera Flannels, 3, 4, 5 and 10-4 Muslins, at 10, 12, 15 and 20 cents!

Best Calicos 10 to 12 Cents! Ginghams 12, 15, 18 and 20 Cents per Yd! And a variety of other Goods at like reduced figmake a big raise."

Hoods, Shawls, Sontags, Fancy Counterpanes'
White and Grey Blankets, Quitted Comforts,
Fancy and Linen Table Cloths, Crash, Seamless
Balmorals and a large stock of Fancy Goods and
Notions. Ladies and Crildren's Cloaks, CHAPER READY-MADE CLOTHING

#### of all styles and sizes, and at prices hitherto un known. JOS EPH GOLDS MITH. ATTENTION FARMERS!

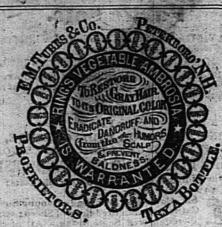
HAVING completed such arrangements as are necessary, I am now about to resume opera. SHANNONDALE DISTILLERY, and will pay the highest Cash price for CORN, RYE Farmers or others having these arti-

the Distillery. January 5, 1869-tf. FRESH Groceries just received, among them a very superior Syrup at a very low figure.
December 22, 1868.
D. HOWELL. UPHAM'S Fresh Meat Cure just received and for sale by Doc. 22. AISQUITH & WASHINGTON.

cles for sale, can apply to me in Charlestown or at

JOHN AVIS.

MISCELLANEOUS



RING'S IS THE MIRAGLE OF THE AGE!

Gray-Headed People have their locks restored by it to the dark, lustrous, silken tresses of youth, and are happy! Young People, with light, faded or red Hair, have these unfashionable colors changed to a beautiful auburn, and rejoice! People whose heads are covered with Dandruff and Humors, use it, and have clean coats and clear and healthy scalps Bald-Headed Veterans have their remaining locks tightened, and the bare spots covered with a luxuriant growth of Hair, and dance for joy!

Young Gentlemen use it because it is richly perfumed! Young Ladies use it because it keeps their Hair in place! Everybody must and will use it, because it is the cleanest and best article in the market!

For Sale by Druggists generally. AISQUITH & BRO., Charlestown, Va., sol Agents for Jefferson county. July 21, 1863-6m.

ROSADALIS THE GREAT Blood Purifier.

CURIS Scrofula in its Various Forms. SUCH AS Consumption in its Earlier stages, Enlargement and Ulceration of the Glands, Joints, Bones, Kidnoys, Uterus, Chronic Rheumatism, Eruptions of the Skin, Ctronic Eoro Eyes, &c

STREILIS IN ALL ITS FORMS DISEASES OF WOMEN, Loss of Appetite, Elck Headache, Liver Com-plaint, Pain in the Back, Imprudence in Life, Gravil,

GENERAL BAD HEALTH, and all diseases of the LIVEZ, EIDNEYE& BLADDE It is a Perfect Renovator.

TOSAPALIS cradicates every kind of 1 umer and had taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition. To has Perspectly Hannless, never producing the slightest injury.

To it is not a Secret Quack-Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle.

Recommended by the Liedical Faculty and Many Thousands of our Bost Citizens. Tor Testimonials of remarkable cures, so

PRIPARED ONLY BY DR. J. J. LAWRENCE & CO. 244 Baltimore Street, DALTIMORE, MD.

For Cale by Druggists Everywhere For sale by ASQUITH & BRO., Charlestown, September 1, 1868-1y.

[IS.VAC B. MYERS. [JOHN L. SCHILLING. ISAAC B. MYERS & Co HIGHLY IMPORTANT!

NEWSFOR CLARKE!! HEREAS, the deplorable condition of affairs in Virginia has compelled many of her sons o seek a livelihood elsewhere, we are induced; being ourselves Virginians, to commence business in Berryville, Clarke county, among those whom we know to be Firginians, holding sentiments congenial to our own. Therefore, We, the undersigned, would respect

county, that we have opened at the CLARKE COUNTY CLOTHING STORE, a fine and well selected stock of Clothing and GENTS FURNISHING GOODS,

HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS & NOTIONS, ALSO, a select supply of CIGARS and TOBACCO. Hoping by close attention to business to merit a fair share of the public patronage, and to become identified with the interests of the community, we shall be glad to have the citizens call at our NEW CORNER STORE, in Stahl's Coach Factory Building, on Main Street, opposite Fir. Carter Shepherd's I.B. MYERS & CO. September 8, 1868-1y.

TO THE PUBLIC. TO AEFLICTED FEMALES! IMPORTANT RE-LIEF AND PERMANENT CURE

PROLAPSUS UTERI, OR FALLING OF THE WOMB. HAVE been allowed by the Department at Wash-

I ington, D. C., a Patent for an Abdominal Supporter, invented by me, to relieve and certainly cure that annoying and common malady among the females of our country, known as Prolapsus Uteri, or Falling of the Womb. THIS SUPPORTER WILL GIVE IMMEDIATE RELIEF. This Supporter will Effect a Permanent Cure. I have tried this invention upon a number of fe-males suffering from falling of the womb, and it has Given Relief in every instance without a

SINGLE FAILURE. ITS UNIFORM SUCCESS IN EVERY APPLI-CATION has satisfied the inventor and all who have tried it, that this Supporter is a most valuable relief I ONLY ASK THE SUFFERING TO GIVE IT ONE TRIAL.

I will furnisha limited number of applicants with this Supporter upon the receipt of \$3.00 each. Arrangements will soon be completed to furnish any demand. Address me at Harrisonburg, Va. JOSEPH FUNKHOUSER, October 6, 1868-3m.

ENTLER'S SURE CURE. Has never yet failed to cure the severest case of Cholera, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhea, Flux, Summer Complaint in children, &c. Manufactured by W. M. Entler & Co., Shepherdstown, W. Va. Price 35 cts per bottle. Full directions on each bottle. See cir culars. Sold everywhere. No cure, no pay. Every person should keep it constantly on hand. For sale by CAMPBELL & MASON, Charlestown June 23, 1868-1y.

SECURE THE SHADOW. ERE THE SUBSTANCE FADES. A ND accordingly the citizens of Charlestown and vicinity, are invited to call at my gallery (opposite the Carter House, lately Diehl's Marble Yard.) where I will be pleased to wait on them and PHOTOGRAPH their faces as faithfully as the Camera, assisted by a properly managed light, can do. Call and try me, and I will do my best to please.

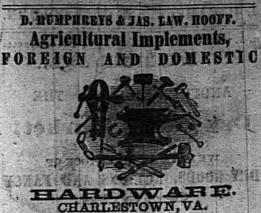
December 24, 1867—3m.

NOW IS YOUR CHANCE. PERSONS wishing to have their Pianos tuned have now an excellent opportunity for having it done, by applying immediately to

L. DINKLE,

At his Jewelry Store. Charlestown, Dec. 1, 1868. ADIES CLOAKS -The very latest style of CLOAKS, just received.
October 20. KEARSLEY & SHEERER.

AGRICULTURAL AND HARDWARE. D. HUMPHREYS & JAS. LAW. HOOFF.



CHARLESTOWN, VA. ASRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT,

RUSSELL'S REAPER & MOWER, Separate or Combined—with either Rake or Dro per—for which we are Distributing Agents. RUSSELL'S TURESHER & SEPA-RATOR, AND HORSE POWER, Also Sole Agents for NATIONAL & HOOSIER FODDER CUTTER.

The most popular machine in the West.

Latest and most highly improved CIDER MILL. PLOWS and PLOW CASTINGS. GRAIN DRILLS. With and without Goano Attachment. One that will please. OHIO GRINDSTONES, direct from miners an manufacturers, with or without Fixtures and

PUMPS-all kinds-for Wells or Cisterns; Water Drawers, Chain and Tubing. FAIRBANKS, AND PITTSBURG SCALES, at CRADLES AND SCYTHES-Figlish and Ameri PATENT ADJUSTIBLE TINE, PITCH AND MA-NURE FORKS—latest invention.
CORNSHELLERS, Snathes, Wire and Wood Tooth Horse Rakes, Scoops, Shovels, Whet Stones, Brian and Bush Hooks, and Scythes.

CHURNS OF ALL KINDS, and many other Machines and Tools, useful to Farmers and others. TURNERS AMMONIATED PHOSPHATE & EXCELSIOR GUANO. Other brands at wholesale prices.

HARDWARE DEPARTMENT, IRON, STEEL, HORSE SHOES, MULE SHOES, HORSE NAILS, RASPS, BRACES, BITTS, AUGURS GIM-LETS, ADZES, AXES, COM-PASSES, CALIPERS, BOR-ING MACHINES, MORTISE MACHINES, JACK SCREWS, CHAINS, RAKES, HAMES, TROW-

ELS, SCYTHES, NAILS, SPIKES, LOCKS, HINGES BOLTS, FILES; CHISELS, LEVELS, PLANES, BEVELS, AN VILS, BELLOWS, VISES, SCREW PLATES, FORKS, SHOVELS, SCOOPS. MAT-TOCKS; PICKS, HOES, RULES, CBOSS-CUT SAWS, MILL SAWS, CIRCULARSAWS,

Hook-Tooth Saws, Hand Saws, Compass Saws Whip Saws, Hatchets, Hammers, Draw Knives, Spoke Shaves, Harness Hardware, Coffin Trimmings, Shoe Findings, Masons'
Tools, Brushes, Cordage, Handles,
Cutlery, Drills, Scales,
With many Housekeeping and Furnishing Goods
both American and Imported.
Thankful for past favors, we solicit orders for the March 3, 1863. D. HUMPHREYS & CO.

JOHN W. McCURDY.] [J. ED. DURE. McCURDY & DUKE, (Successors to Ranson & Duke,) DEALERS IN

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINERY, STOVES, FER-TILIZERS, SEEDS, &c. Charlestown, Jefferson County, W. Va

AVE in store and for sale : A complete assortment of Builders' Hardware, Mechanics' Tools, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Iron and Steel, Horse and Mule Shoes and Nails, Forks, Shovels, Spades and Hoes, Carriage Axles, Hubs, Rims and Spokes, Shoe Findings, Harness Hardware, Cistern Pamps, Cooking and Heating Stoves, Wooden Ware, and many articles of Housekeeping

OUR AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT embraces all the latest and most approved Implements and Machines of all kinds. We are Agents for McCormick's Prize Reaper & Mower, Geiser's Thresher and Separator, Bickford & Hoffman's and Keller's Gum Spring Grain Drills, all of R. Sinclair & Co.'s Manufactures. Soluble Pacific Guano. Zell's Raw Bone and Super Phosphate of Lime, Patapsco Guano and other approved Fertihzers

(G-Cash paid for BONES and OLD IRON.

January 12, 1869.

OPENING OF A BALTO. BRANCH CLOTHING HOUSE, In Charlestown, Jefferson County.

MR. ABR. GOODMAN, RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of this and surrounding counties, that he has opened a Branch Store in Charlestown, at M. Behrend's old stand, where constantly can be found a full and well made up stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING,

For Men, Youths and Boys, and a full line of GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS, HATS, TRUNKS, &c. The undersigned also informs the public that he will sell at the lowest Baltimore Prices, and defies competition this side of Baltimore.

ABR. GOUDMAN,

At M. Behrend's Old Stand.

P. S -The make of the goods is warranted. September 29, 1868. MRS. MARY C. LUPTO American Hotel.

HARRISONBURG, VA. THIS well-known Hotel has been entirely reno-vated, and the new Proprietors promise that Guests shall receive every comfort which well-stocked Larders, clean Beds, and attentive Servanst

TERMS, \$2.50 PER DAY. November 17, 1868-3m. SHENANDOAH HOUSE Queen Street, Below Race, MARTINSBURG, W. VA. JOHN FELLER, PROPRIETOR.

NEW and large additions have just been built to this House, consisting of Dining Room, Sleeping Apartments, &c., and is now the best in the State, East of the Alleghany mountains. It is furnished in the most modern and elegant style, and travelers and the business public can be comfortably entertained at moderate rates.

THE BAR rivals competition in the quality of its LIQUORS, and in every other matter pertaining to this de-05-Weshall endeavor to please all who favor us with a call. March 24, 1868.

ENTLER HOTEL, SHEPHERDSTOWN, WEST VIRGIA. July 17, 1866- tf. UPHOLSTERING.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Charlestown and vicinity, that he is prepared to repair SOFAS, CHAIRS, MATTRASSES. AND VENITIAN BLINDS. All orders left with Mr. George W. Sadler, will be promptly attended to.

OJ-All work warranted to give satisfaction.

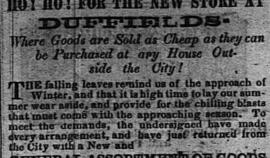
November 3, 1863 W. T. SIMMONS.

New Goods JUST received another supply of New JEWELRY
—assorted setts—in variety and style hard to
beat, and as low as can be bought in the City.—
Call and see for yourselves. On hand continually
and for sale, Silver Plated Goods of all descriptions,

to suit everybody. Watches and Clocks may be had of all grades at prices competing with Baltimore at retail. Don't forget. At Stewart's old stand, Charlestown.

November 10, 1868. LUBIN'S, Remmel's, Phalon's, Glen's, and a va-riety of other choice Extracts, for sale by December 22, W.S. MASON.

DUFFIELD'S TRADE. HOL HOL FOR THE NEW STORE AT



GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF GOODS embracing everything usually found in a Country Store. And we are determined to sell. Numbers have found this cheap side No. 1, and the cry is still they come. The demand for goods does not, how ever, as is generally the case, increase the price, but the more goods sold, the cheaper we sell. We therefore cordially invite the citizens of Duffield's and vicinity to give us a call, and see that what we say is correct. Thankfut for past favors, we solicit and hope to receive a share of public patronage. SNYDER, LINK & OSBOURN.

Duffield's, October 27, 1868.

NOTICE TO THE FARMERS JEFFERSON & CLARKE COUNTIES. WE would announce to the farmers of Jefferson and Clarke counties, that we will keep on hand and order all kinds of

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, such as Wood's Self-Rake Reaper, Wood's Prize Mower, for which we are sole agents for Jefferson Mower, for which we are sole agents for Jefferson and Clarke counties; Crowei a Davison's Gum Spring D'ill.—Willoughby's patent—sole agents for Jefferson; Wire Tooth Horse-Rakes of different kinds, Hay Hoisters, Corn Shellers, Hay, Straw and Fodder Cutters; Wheat Fans, Ploughs of different kinds, Forks, Shovels, Hocs, Mowing Scythes Grain Gradles, Hand Rakes; and will also furnish FERTILIZERS OF DIFFERENT KINDS. For particulars of Raper and Mower see circulars, which will be distributed, giving certificates.— Persons wishing Attachments to Reapers purchase: hast year will give us their orders early.

13. All orders left with Mr. John N. Sadler, Rippon; Mr. J. T Griffith, Berryville; or Mr. Wm. Grove, Millwood, will be promptly attended to. SNYDER, LINK & OSBOURN.

Duffield's, Jefferson county, W. Va. April 14, 1868. MARBLE WORKS.

CHARLESTOWN MARBLE WORKS, Main Street, Opposite the Carter House, CHARLESTOWN.



Diehl & Bro MANUFACTURERS OF MONUMENTS: TOMBS, HEAD & FOOT

STONES, MANTLES, STATUES, AND CARVING. in all its various branches, and all work in their business. All orders promptly filled at the lowest rate, and shortest notice, and all work delivered and put up, and guaranteed to suit purchasers. If not, no sale. Please call and see, and judge for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere, and patronize Home Manufacturers. The subscribers have also in operation their shop in Martinsburg, where they will give prompt at-tention to all work entrusted to them. DIEH1. & BRO. Charlestown, Feb. 19, 1867-od May 15, 1866.

MECHANICAL. DAVID H. COCKRILL.] [JOSEPH H. COCKRILL DAVID H. COCKRILL & SON. ARCHITECTS & BUILDERS Charlestown, Jefferson County,

VIRGINIA. Foreign and Domestic Hardware,

Our experience in the business which we advertise to conduct, and our therough acquaintance
with it in all its branches, enable us to assure the public that any work entrusted to us will be executed in the most workmanlike manner, and with the utmost dispatch. Having stood to their posts in the Confederate army during the four years struggle which it so manfully encountered, they have located in their native county, where their services are offered in building up the waste places and in carrying out practical reconstruction. Particular attention given at all times to the drawing of plans and specifications; and in the

GEOMETRICAL STAIRWAYS. there calculation is required, they are confident that they cannot be surpassed by any workmen in the Valley of Virginia.

33-Being well known in the community, they em it unnecessary to say more, than that orders left for them will receive prompt attention.
April 7, 1868—tf.

TO THE PUBLIC.

HAVING permanently located in Charlestown with a view to conducting the business of a HOUSE-CARPENTER AND BUILDER, I take this opportunity of informing the public that I will give prompt attention to all work that may be entrusted to my care. Mynexperience in the business is such as to afford a guarantee that those who employ me will have no cause to regret it.

[17-My shop is at the residence of my father, Mr. Nathaniel Myers, where I will always be found, when not elsewhere engaged. When not at home any orders may be left with my father. SAMUEL MYERS.

Feb 11, 1868-1y.

SASH FACTORY. THE undersigned are now prepared to furnish FRAMES, DOORS, BLINDS, SASH, FLOOR-ING, MOULDINGS, BRACKETS, or any kind of Scroll Sawing, and everything, needed in the way of woodwork about the building of Houses, at our

"BLOOMERY SASH FACTORY," on the Shenandoah river, 2½ miles above Keyes' Ferry, 3 miles bolow Shannondale Springs, and 3 miles from Charlestown.

As this is a home enterprise we look for the patronage of our own people, and if they do not encourage us it will not be on account of either our prices, quality of work, or spirit of accommodation LUMBER OF ALL KINDS,

either Rough or Dressed, kept constantly on hand for sale. Post office, Charlestown, Jefferson coun-ty, West Va. KEARSLEY & SHEERER. WILLIAM PHILLIPS, Manager. April 14, 1868.

B. B. V. 1867. BECKWITH'S ELECTRIC LINIMENT. FOR the cure of Neuralgia, Rheumatism; Strains of the Joints, Numbness of the Limbs, Swelling of the Joints or Limbs, Bruises or any Bone or Nerve Affections, Incipient stages of Croup, Chilblains, &c., &c.

Read the Certificates: We hereby certify that we have used 'Beckwith's Electric Liniment' for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, and received entire relief from its application. We confidently recommend it to the public.

Mrs. F. M. RANSON, Jeff. Co., Va.

Mrs. T. H. WILLIS, ""

LIZZIE S. PAGE,

MILDRED C. WATERS, "

REV. C. M. CALLAWAY, 609 West Lombard Street. Middleway, Jeff. Co., W. Va., January 21st, 1868. MR. GEO. H. BECKWITH Dear Sir—A few days since I sprained my ankle very severely. It was badly swollen, and very painful—I could not get on my boot. A friend gave me some of your Liniment. I used it once only rubbed long and well at night, and the next morning was so lar relieved as to be able to get on my

boot and walk without limping.

I believe it to be the greatest Liniment now known, and recommend it to every one. I am, sir, yours grateful GEO. W. NELSON. 67-For sale by AISQUITH & BRO. and CAMP-BELL & MASON, Druggists at Charlestown. January 28, 1868—1y.

To the Public.

HAVING purchased avaluble tract of timber land, and located a Saw-Mill upon it with a capacity of sawing forty thousand feet of Lumber weekly, I will be prepared to furnish nearly EVERY VARIETY OF LUMBER. Such as Pine Plank, Joists, Rafters, Stud-

ding, Plastering Lath, Chestnut Palings, Oak Fencing Plank, &c. Lumber will be kept constantly on hand at the Mill, 11 miles above Kearsley & Sheerer's Planing Mill, on the Shenandoah river, and at Messra Humphreys & Hooff's Lumber yard at Charlestown.

Persons centemplating building will promote their interests by calling upon the subscriber in person, or Messra. Humphreys & Hooff, before going elsewhere.

GEO. W. EICHELBERGER.

August 11, 1868—6m. August 11, 1868-6m.

MISCELLANEOUS.



No. Humbug Here! THE subscriber, having just returned from Fred erick City, with an extensive stock of superior material, is prepared to offer to the citizens of Jef-terson county, the very best bargains in

BOOTS AND SHOES, manufactured under his own supervision, by the best city workmen. His stock is such as to recom-mend it to every judge of LEATHER,

and has been purchased with great care from the manufactory of Messrs. Bantz & Wachter, of Frederick, the oldest and most experienced TANNERS in the State of Maryland. As he employs none but the beat workmen—such as thoroughly understand the trade—and works none other than the best finished material, he feels confident of his ability to give satisfaction. Especial attention given to the finer quality of iner quality of LADIES' WORK.

For the accommodation of the trade, he will keep on hand, at all times, a complete assortment of READY-MADE WORK. which he will warrant to compare with any that Can be found in the country.

Repairing done in the best style, on the shortes notice. New WORK and REPAIRING executed in from twelve to forty-eight hours, and no disap-pointments at the hour promised.

WATER-PROOF COMPOSITION. He has constantly on hand a supply of this valua-ble article, which has been used during the past winter with entire satisfaction by many of his cus-tomers. He would refer those who wish to know something of its value to the following gentlemen, who have used it with effect, viz:—Dr. John D. Starry, W. J. Hawks, Capt. John J. Lock, W. Eby and George W. Eichelberger.

April 21, 1868—6m.

J. C. KEMP.

FOUTZ'S Horse and Cattle Powders This preparation, long and favorably known, will thoroughly r-invigorate broken down and low-spirited horses, by strengthening and cleansing the stomach and intestines.

It is a sure preventive of all diseases iacident to this animal, such as LUNG FEVER, HEAVES, COUGHS, DISTEMPER, FEVERS, YOUNDER, LOSS OF APPETITE AND VITAL ENERGY, &c. Its use improves



In all diseases of Swing, such as Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungs, Liver, &c., this article acts as a specific. By putting from one-half a paper to a paper in a barret of swill the above diseases will be eradicated or entirely prevented. If given in time, a certain preventive and cure for the Hog Cholera. DAVID E. FOUTZ, Proprietor,

For sale by Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the United States, Canadas and South America. CAMPBELL & MASON Wholesale and Retail Agents for Jefferson county. June 16,71568-1y.

BALTIMORE. Md.

SETTLE UP! SETTLE UP! OUR accounts are now ready for, and we insist upon an immediate settlement of the same to January 1st, 1868. Hereafter we will consider our ccounts due on the first of April, first of July, first of Occober, and first of January, when they will be made off and payment expected. Thankful for past favors, we hope by strict attention to business o gain many new customers.

them in at once. FARMING IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINERY. We employ none but the best. Mechanics and use the best Material. The community can rely upon quick, neat and substantial work, and at prices to suit the times. We are determined to do work as low as can be done in the County for CASH, which will be required for all transient custom. We will make to order Threshing Machines and Horse Powers of the latest patterns; PLOUGHS of different kinds always on hand, amongst which will be found the cole brat of three-horse Livingston; two-horse do.; the old fashioned three-horse Barshear; McCormick do., for two and three Lorses; also, the three-horse Page Plough; also an improved Kentucky single and double shovel Plough. Plough Irons—such as Shares, Coulters, Shovels, (single and double) Mould boards of all kinds, Open Rings, Open Links, &c. Special attention paid to Mill work in Steel and Iron. Turning and

Boring in Iron and Steel. We now have in opera-FOUNDRY. and we are now able to furnish Castings of good quality as low as can be bought elsewhere. All work entrusted to us will be done with dispatch, and guaranteed to give satisfaction. The highest price paid in Cash for Old Iron of all kinds. Give us a call at the Jefferson Machine Shop. Stone WEIRICK & WELLER.

Charlestown, Jan. 29, 1838. THE WILLCOX & GIBBS' NOISELESS

FAMILY SEWING MACHINE WE claim for the WILLCOX & GIBB'S the fol-VV lowing points:
The "twisted loop stitch" made with one thread directly from spool, making a more elastic and durable stitch than is made by any other Machine, thus simplifying it by doing away with bobbins shuttles, circular needles, under spools and their attendant complications.

The impossibility of setting the needle wrong, owing to patented device for adjusting the same.

The case and rapidity of motion, and not being able to turn back ward by the foot, and non liability to get out of order. to get out of order.

The great range of work—Hemming, felling, braiding, binding, gathering, quilting, cording, tucking, embroidery, sewing from finest lace to heaviest muslins or cleths without changing Matchine.

KEARSLEY & SHEKRER.

Agents for Jefferson and Clarke Counties.

April 21, 1868.

To the Ladies. MRS. A.C. MITCHELL & CO would most re-spectfully announce to the Ladies of the tiwn and vicinity that they have just returned from Bul-timore with a choice selection of Fall and Winter

BONNETS, HATS, FLOWERS, RIBBONS, FEATHERS, VELVETS. SATINS, PLUSHES, &c. To which they invite their attention. Having selected their stock with great care, they pledge themselves to give satisfaction to all who may patronize them. Thankful for the liberal patronage extended heretofore, they hope by endeavoring to accommodate all, by neatness and dispatch, to merit the favor of their old customers and many new ones.
October 20, 1868. Free Press copy 1m.

THE LATEST FASHIONS OF FALL MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS.

MRS. JULIA BEHREND respectfully announces to the Ladies of Charlestown. Jefferson county, that she has recently returned from Baltimore with a splendid assortment of FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY. such as Hats, Bonnets, Bonnet Silk, Velvets, Flowsuch as Hais. Bonnets, Bonnet Silk, Velvets, Flowers. Ruches, and all other articles belonging to a FASHIONABLE MILLINERY BUSINESS. Also a large, assortment of Ladies' Dress Trimmings. Buttons, and a great variety of Fancy Goods and Notions too numerous to mention.

AG-Stamping and Pinking done in the best manner, on the shortest notice.

Thankful to the Ladies of this county for past favors, I kindly ask a further continuation of their vors, I kindly ask a further continuation of the custom.

Very respectfully,

Mrs. JULIA BEHREND, Opposite Campbell & Mason's Drug Store. October 6, 1863—tf.

CRUSHED, Granulated and Coffee Sugar, Brown Sugar, Molasses Syrups, Best Green Tea, Roasted and Green Rio Coffee, Cheese, Soda and Water Crackers, &c. Oct. 20. A. W. CRAMER. FURS.—We have just received an assortment of Ladies' and Children's FURS.

October 20. KRARSLEY & SHETRER. You can get the best Gunpowder Tea, Rio, Java and Laguyra Coffee, for sale by W. EBY.

GROCERIES.

TO TRAVELLERS

WINCHESTER AND POTOMACE. R.

TIME TABLE. TRAINS GOING WEST. Leave Harper's Ferry at 7 10 A M and 1 25 P M.
Leave Shenandoah at 7 14 A M and 1 29 P M.
Leave Keyes' Switch at 7 27 A M and 1 37 P M.
Leave Halltown at 7 36 A M and 1 43 P M.
Leave Charlestown at 7 54 A M and 1 54 P M.

Leave Halltown at 7 36 A M and 1 43 P M.

Leave Charlestown at 7 54 A M and 2 05 P M.

Leave Cameron's at 8 12 A M and 2 05 P M.

Leave Summit Point at 8 30 A M and 2 16 P M.

Leave Wadesville at 8 52 A M and 2 20 P M.

Leave Opequon Bridge at 8 56 A M and 2 33 P M.

Leave Stephenson's at 9 14 A M and 2 44 P M.

Arrive at Winchester at 9 35 A M and 2 55 P M.

TRAINS Goinse East.

Leave Winchester at 10 35 A M and 3 39 P M.

Leave Opequon Bridge at 10 57 A M and 3 57 P M.

Leave Opequon Bridge at 10 57 A M and 3 57 P M.

Leave Cameron at 11 25 A M and 4 23 P M.

Leave Charlestown at 11 36 A M and 4 59 P M.

Leave Halltown at 11 47 A M and 5 17 P M.

Leave Halltown at 11 47 A M and 5 17 P M.

Leave Keyes' Switch at 11 53 A M and 5 26 P M. Leave Keyes' Switch at 11 53 A M and 5 26 P M. Leave Shenandoah at 12 01 P M and 5 40 P M. Arrive at Harper's Ferry 12 05 A M and 5 45 P M.

WINCHESTER ACCOMMODATION. COMMENCING MAY 18TH, 1868. Stephenson's Wade's Summit Point Cameron's Charlestown

Halltown Harper's Ferry Arriving in Baltimore at Leave Camden Station at Arrive Harper's Forry
Charlestown
Summit Point

Master of Transportation May 19, 1363. BALTIMORE & O. R. R. COMPANY.

TRAINS BOUND EAST. ARRIVES. DEPARTS. 12 41 P. M. 12 47 P. M. Mail Train, Fast Line, 7 16 A. M. 7 17 A. M. Express Trein, 12 37 P. M. 12 38 P. M. TRAINS BOUND WEST. ARRIVES. Mail Frain, Fast Line, Express Train,

HARNESS, SADDLES AND BRIDLES. MANUFACTURED OR REPAIRED. At Charlestown, Jefferson County, Virginia. THE undersigned respectfully a pnounce es to the citizens of Charlestown and vicinity, that he is constantly making and repairing Carriage, Gig, Buggy, Coach and Wagon HARNESS, SADDLES, PRIDLES, HALTERS, or in the most durable respectively.

HENRY D. MIDDLEKAUFF. November 7, 1866-19 NOW IS THE TIME TO GET BARGAINS.

s composed of Alpacas, Merines, Serges, Delaines, SELECT VARIETY OF NOTIONS, consisting of Hosiery, Gloves, French Corsetts, Hoop Skirts, the GRECIAN BEND, Linen Handkeich iefs, Buttens, Linen Tapes, Rufflings, Aipaca, Braid, Gimp, all colors, &c., &c. A full stock of

DOMESTIC GOODS. Bleached and Brown Muslins, Bird Eye Diaper GENTS' CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES. and Boys' Wear. B.ots and Sho s of all sizes. A full stock of GROCKRIES, such as Sugar, Coffee, Teas of the best quality, Oile, Syrups, and that favorite brand of Tobicco, the Durham, all of which he is selling for the Cash, or THIRTY DAYS to prompt customers. Call and see his stock before purchas-

JAMES M. JOHNSTON. HAVING added some of the finest New Ma-chinery to the Shannondale Factory, now in use in the Valley of Virginia, is prepared, and will WOOLLEN GOODS,

Extension-Top Cooking Store-with Cast-Iron Boiler and Tin Heater attached; Improved Egg Stove-Open on Air-Tight; Gus Burner Stoves-for Heating one or

two Rooms ; Oriental Store-all sizes; Morning Glory-all sizes; And a great variety of other Stoves for Wood on Coal Those desiring Stoves will please leave or-ders early. MILLER & SMITH. Charlestown, September 8, 1868

ORIENTALS GIVE SATISFACTION ! Orientals save Trouble!
Orientals save Money!
Orientals are the Best Stoves!

STOVES! STOVES!

TRUSSELL & CO. respectfully inform the public that they have sold out the entire stock of Mer-A that they have sold out the entire stock of Merchandise, Fixtures and Good Will of their Store in Charlestown, to Mesars. John H. Campbell and Horace A. West, for whom they solicit the encouragement and kindness extended since their commencement in business. Those indebted—many on account of by far too long standing—will be required to come forward and settle the same AT OSCE, as no longer indulgence can be given.

New Goods. GREAT DECLINE IN PRICES.

HOWELL is now opening a large and well GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS.
Queensware, Woodenware, Notions, Cassimeres, &c., to which he invites the attention of all wishing. which is larger than ever before-comprising all the late styles of plain and fancy goods. Beaver and Tricot Cloths for Overcosts and Cloaks, Biack French Cloth, Doeskin Cassimeres, All Wool Kerseys, Drab and Gray Linseys, Sattinetts, &c.

These goods have been bought with great care, and at prices much below those of last Fall. All he asks is a trial.

October 13, 1863. BOOTS AND SHOES.

VERY superior Coarse Boots, Youths' and Boys'
Boots—extra quality, Extra heavy high cut.
Brogans, Ladies' and Misses' Calf Walking Shoes,
Ladies' and Misses' Polish Boots, Front Lace and
Congress Gaiters—extra quality. These goods are
city-made and fully equal to any made in our midst.
Ladies are invited to examine our stock before purchasing.

October 12, 1868. October 13, 1868.

Stopping at intermediate stations on Main Stem A. B. WOOD, Agent, Harper's Ferry. JOHN L. WILSON,

SCHEDULE of Passenger Trainsarriving and de-parting at the Harper's Ferry Station:

1 31 A. M. 1 32 A. M. Office open at all hours for trains. Through Tick ets sold to all the principal cities of the Union.

For further Information inquire at the Office. Harpers Ferry, May. 14, 1867. SADDLES AND HARNESS.

&c., in the most durable manner, and the most modern style of workmanship, and at short notice and upon "living" terms. My work commendatiself. All lask is a share of the public patronage. Call upon me at my establishment opposite

EUGENE WEST has just returned from Balti-more with a full and complete assortment of Goods, that will compare with any in the market, for quality and cheapness. His stock of LADIES' DRESS GOODS

October 27, 1868.

LINSEYS, FULLED AND PLAID, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND TWEEDS, and with his improved and superior facilities, in satisfied that he will be able to offer to the public an article of GOODS, that cannot be surpassed, if equalled, by any other establishment.

Af Baltimore Prices paid for WOOL in Cash. JAS. M. JOHNSTON.

March 19, 1858-1f

FTOVES. PREPARE FOR COLD WEATHER. WE have the most extensive and complete as sortment of STOVES ever in this market, to which we call the attention of the public. Our stock embraces :

Do not waste your Money, Time and Partience with "worthless" Morning Glories!

Buyan Oriental Stove and be comfortable!

Get the GENUINE ORIENTAL STOVES of Nov. 24, 1868. D. HUMPHREYS & CO. Papers advertising for us copy.

October 27, 1868. TRUSSELL & CO.

He would ask the special attention of the gentle men to his stock of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES.

JUST received a choice lot of Segars and Smolin Tobacco, which I offer as cheap as they can be purchased elsewhere. W. S. MASON.

PAINTS, Oils, Varnishes and Window Gla POBACCO Antidote just sece